

# Kdr Cas9-CKO Strategy

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**Design Date:** 2019-7-18

# **Project Overview**



Project Name Kdr

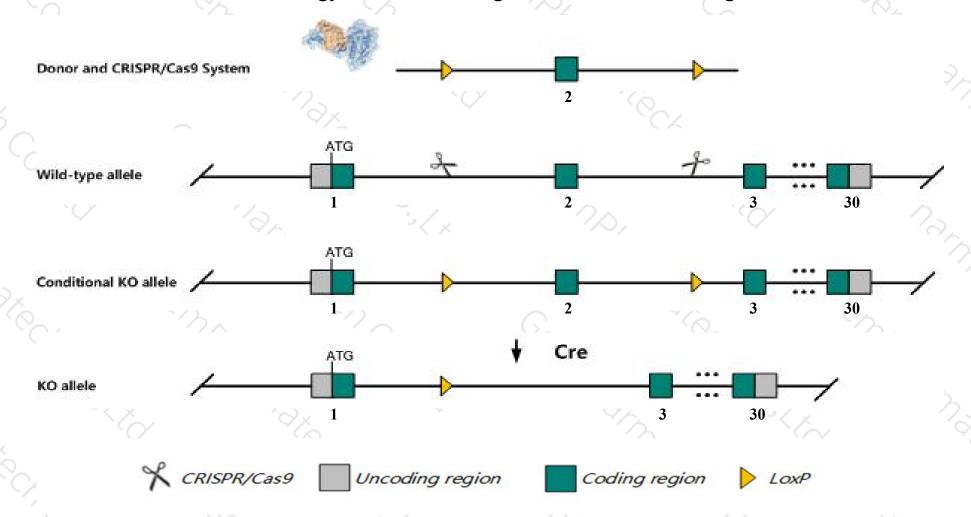
Project type Cas9-CKO

Strain background C57BL/6JGpt

# Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Kdr* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



### Technical routes



- The *Kdr* gene has 3 transcripts. According to the structure of *Kdr* gene, exon2 of *Kdr-201* (ENSMUST00000113516.1) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 94bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Kdr* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

### **Notice**



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous mice die at early embryonic stages due to failure of blood vessel formation.
- > The *Kdr* gene is located on the Chr5. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

### Gene information (NCBI)



#### Kdr kinase insert domain protein receptor [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 16542, updated on 9-Apr-2019

#### Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Kdr provided by MGI

Official Full Name kinase insert domain protein receptor provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:96683

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000062960

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as 6130401C07, Flk-1, Flk1, Krd-1, Ly73, VEGFR-2, VEGFR2, orv, sVEGFR-2

Expression Broad expression in lung adult (RPKM 42.4), heart adult (RPKM 19.3) and 22 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs <u>human all</u>

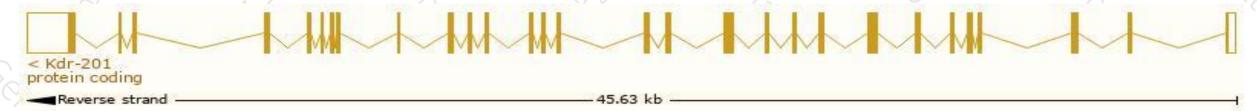
# Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 3 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

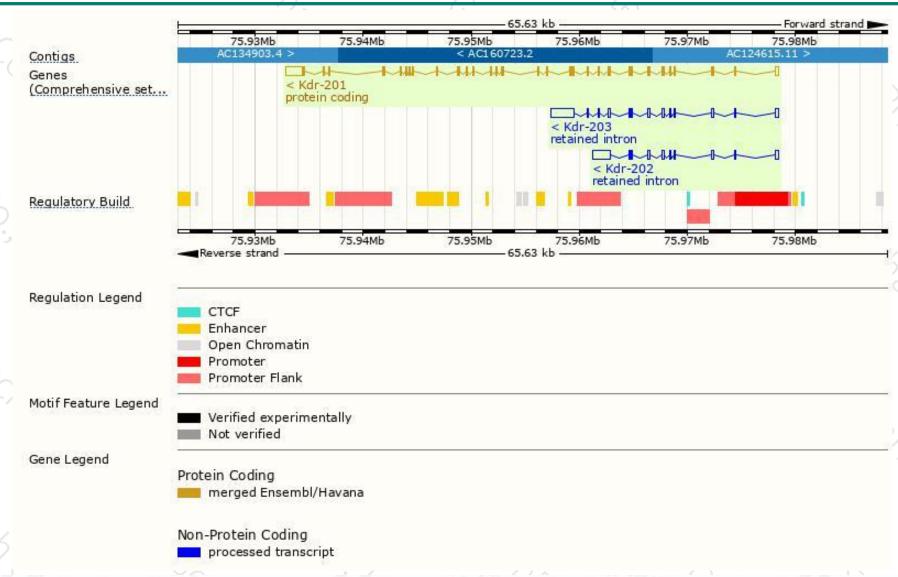
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Kdr-201	ENSMUST00000113516.1	5924	<u>1345aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS39114	Q8VCD0	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Kdr-203	ENSMUST00000202473.3	4023	No protein	Retained intron	-8	-8	TSL:1
Kdr-202	ENSMUST00000149573.1	3174	No protein	Retained intron	-	2	TSL:1

The strategy is based on the design of *Kdr-201* transcript, The transcription is shown below



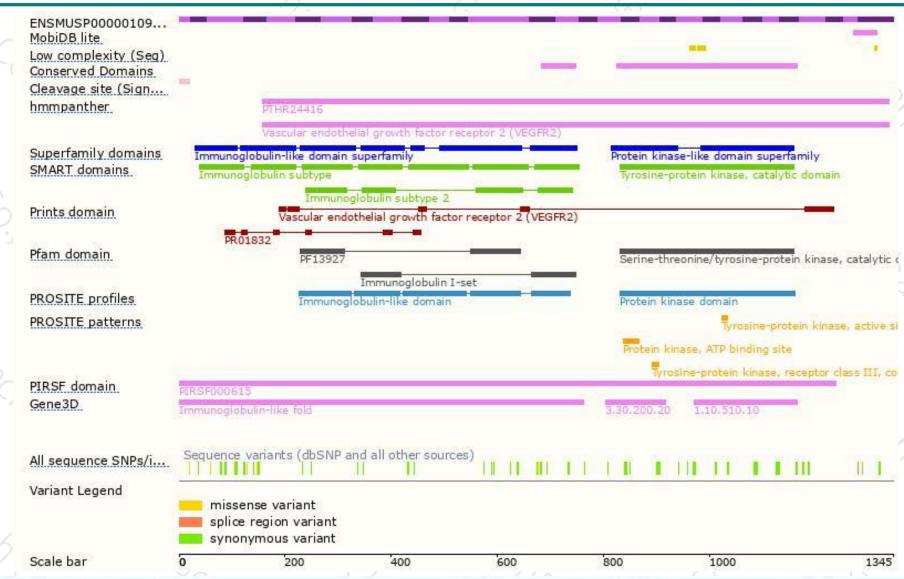
### Genomic location distribution





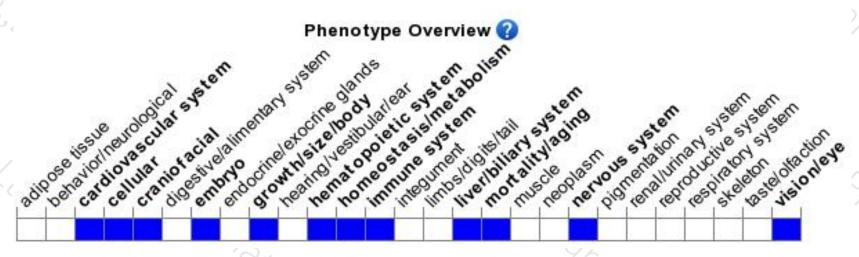
### Protein domain





# Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous mice die at early embryonic stages due to failure of blood vessel formation.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





