

Apoe Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Project Overview

Project Name

Apoe

Project type

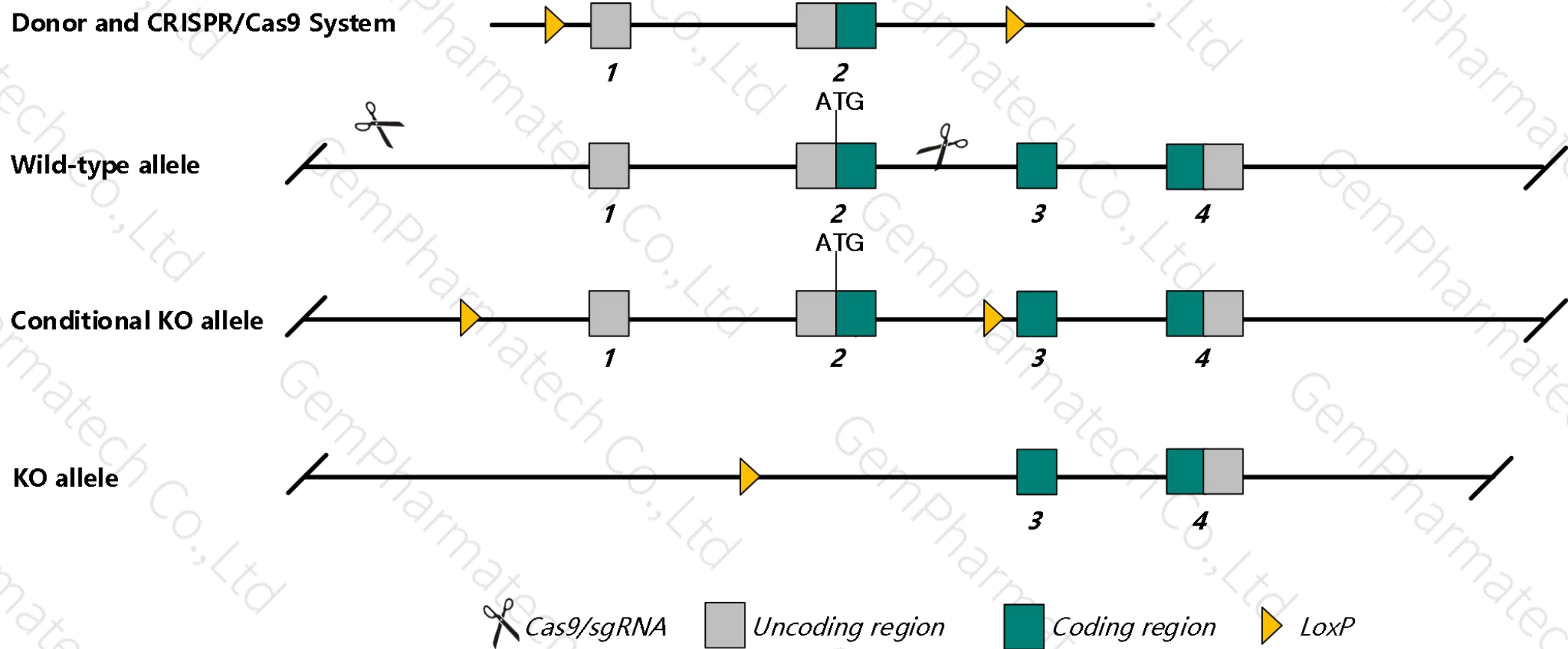
Cas9-CKO

Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Conditional Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Apoe* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes

- The *Apoe* gene has 11 transcripts. According to the structure of *Apoe* gene, exon1-exon2 of *Apoe-206* (ENSMUST00000174064.8) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains start codon ATG. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Apoe* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

- According to the existing MGI data, Mutations at this locus cause diet-induced hypercholesterolemia and atherosclerosis. Homozygous null mutants also develop foam-cell rich deposits in proximal aorta, impaired blood-nerve and blood-brain barriers, and many xanthomatous lesions.
- The *Apoe* gene is located on the Chr7. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

Gene information (NCBI)

Apoe apolipoprotein E [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 11816, updated on 9-Apr-2019

Summary



Official Symbol Apoe provided by [MGI](#)

Official Full Name apolipoprotein E provided by [MGI](#)

Primary source [MGI:MGI:88057](#)

See related [Ensembl:ENSMUSG000000002985](#)

Gene type protein coding

RefSeq status REVIEWED

Organism [Mus musculus](#)

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as A1255918, Apo-E

Summary This gene encodes a member of the apolipoprotein A1/A4/E family of proteins. This protein is involved in the transport of lipoproteins in the blood. It binds to a specific liver and peripheral cell receptor, and is essential for the normal catabolism of triglyceride-rich lipoprotein constituents. Homozygous knockout mice for this gene accumulate high levels of cholesterol in the blood and develop atherosclerosis. Different alleles of this gene have been associated with either increased risk or a protective effect for Alzheimer's disease in human patients. This gene maps to chromosome 7 in a cluster with the related apolipoprotein C1, C2 and C4 genes. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2015]

Expression Biased expression in liver adult (RPKM 9050.0), liver E18 (RPKM 4149.1) and 10 other tissues [See more](#)

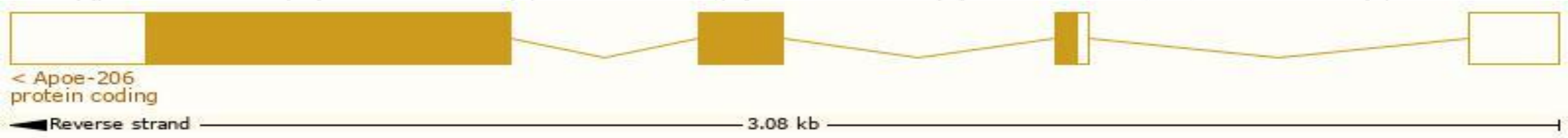
Orthologs [human](#) [all](#)

Transcript information (Ensembl)

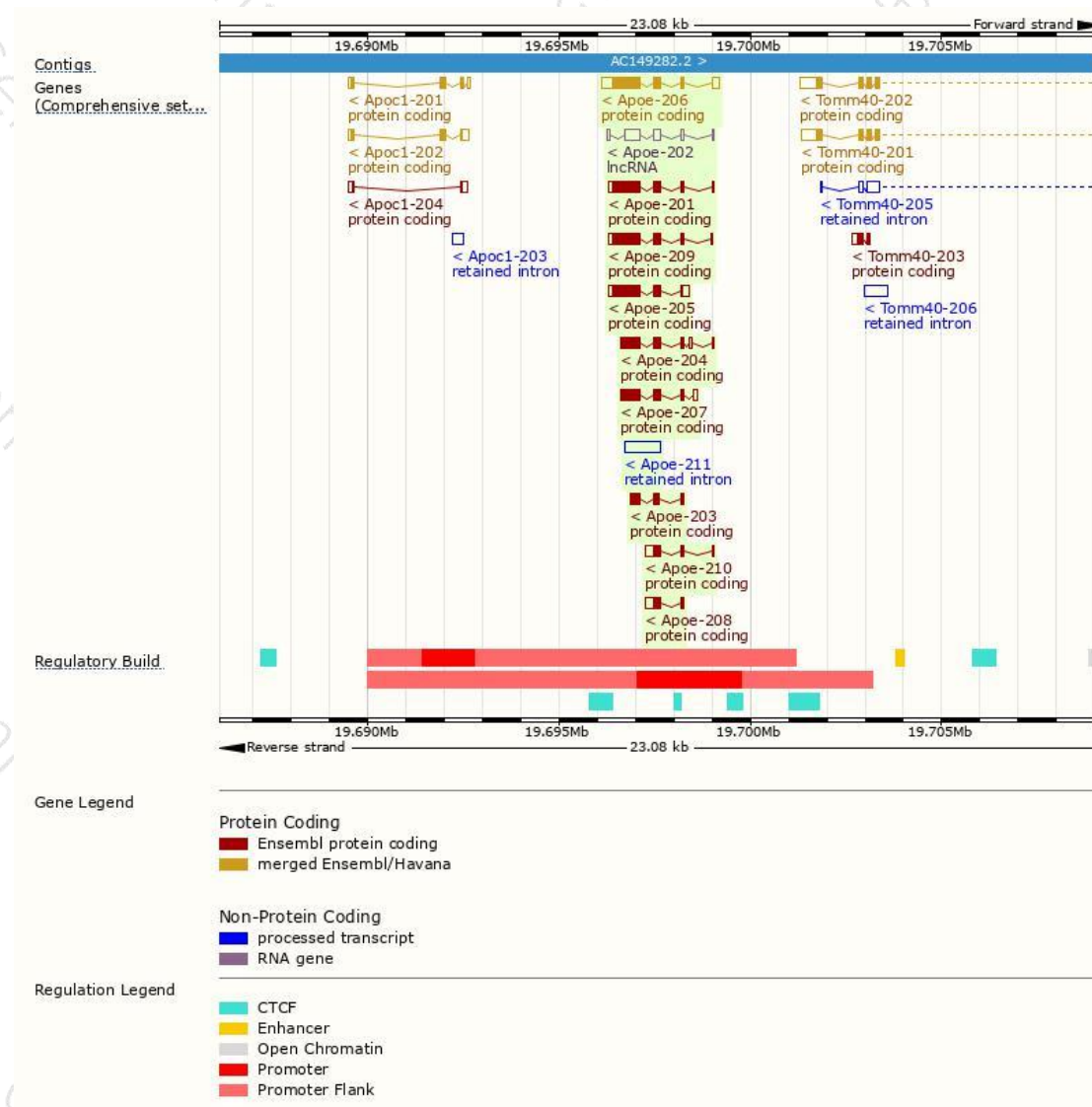
The gene has 11 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

| Name | Transcript ID | bp | Protein | Biotype | CCDS | UniProt | Flags |
|----------|---------------------------------------|------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Apoe-206 | ENSMUST00000174064.8 | 1408 | 311aa | Protein coding | CCDS20912 | P08226 Q3TXU4 | TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1 |
| Apoe-205 | ENSMUST00000173739.7 | 1221 | 311aa | Protein coding | CCDS20912 | P08226 Q3TXU4 | TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1 |
| Apoe-201 | ENSMUST00000003066.15 | 1128 | 311aa | Protein coding | CCDS20912 | P08226 Q3TXU4 | TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1 |
| Apoe-209 | ENSMUST00000174355.7 | 1104 | 311aa | Protein coding | CCDS20912 | P08226 Q3TXU4 | TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1 |
| Apoe-204 | ENSMUST00000172983.7 | 817 | 232aa | Protein coding | - | G3UWN5 | CDS 3' incomplete TSL:5 |
| Apoe-207 | ENSMUST00000174144.7 | 816 | 231aa | Protein coding | - | A0A1B0GX15 | CDS 3' incomplete TSL:2 |
| Apoe-210 | ENSMUST00000174710.1 | 514 | 71aa | Protein coding | - | G3UWW2 | TSL:1 GENCODE basic |
| Apoe-208 | ENSMUST00000174191.1 | 472 | 71aa | Protein coding | - | G3UWW2 | TSL:2 GENCODE basic |
| Apoe-203 | ENSMUST00000172808.1 | 456 | 146aa | Protein coding | - | G3UZM8 | CDS 3' incomplete TSL:3 |
| Apoe-202 | ENSMUST00000167646.8 | 728 | No protein | Processed transcript | - | - | TSL:1 |
| Apoe-211 | ENSMUST00000207525.1 | 897 | No protein | Retained intron | - | - | TSL:NA |

The strategy is based on the design of *Apoe-206* transcript,The transcription is shown below



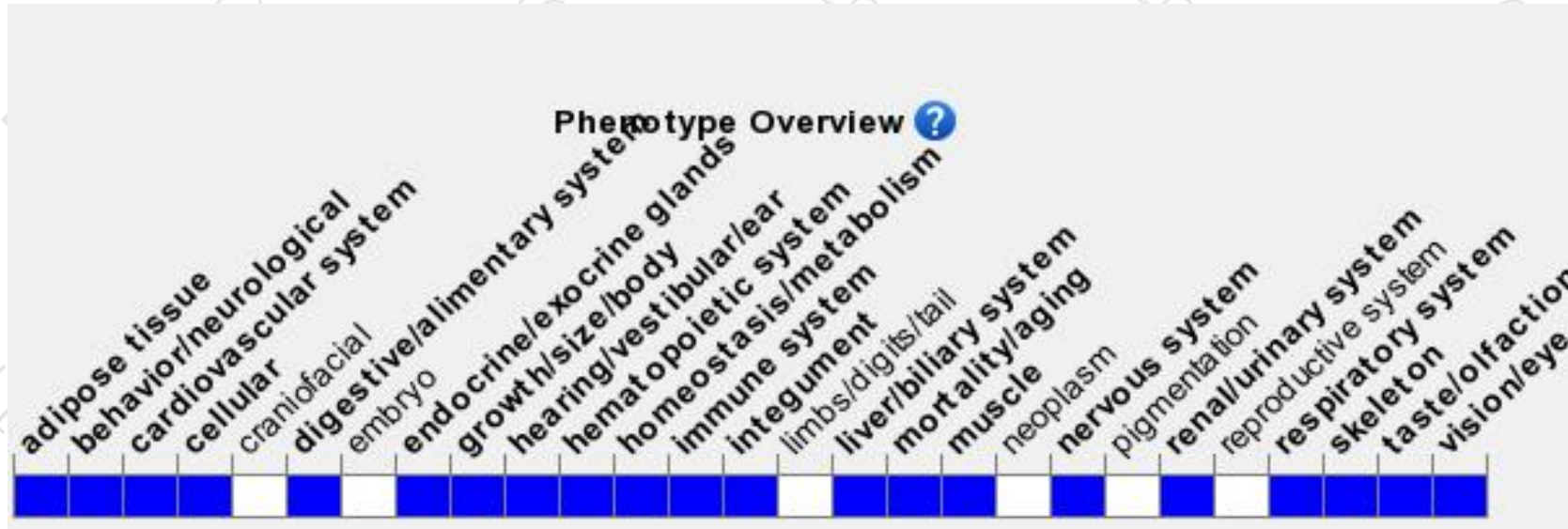
Genomic location distribution



Protein domain



Mouse phenotype description(MGI)



Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).

According to the existing MGI data, Mutations at this locus cause diet-induced hypercholesterolemia and atherosclerosis.

Homozygous null mutants also develop foam-cell rich deposits in proximal aorta, impaired blood-nerve and blood-brain barriers, and many xanthomatous lesions.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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