

Olfr222 Cas9-KO Strategy

Designer:

Reviewer

Design Date:

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Project Overview



Project Name

Olfr222

Project type

Cas9-KO

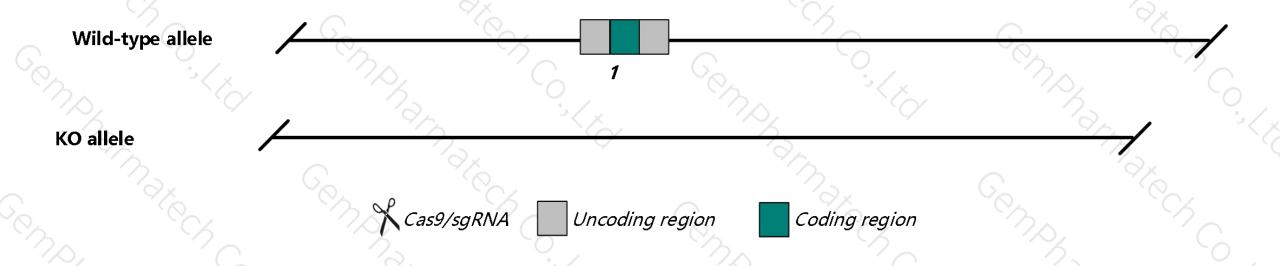
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Olfr222 gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Olfr222* gene has 3 transcripts. According to the structure of *Olfr222* gene, exon1 of *Olfr222-201* (ENSMUST00000071943.5) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains all of the coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Olfr222* gene. The brief process is as follows: gRNA was transcribed in vitro.Cas9 and gRNA were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice.Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.

Notice



- ➤ The *Olfr222* gene is located on the Chr11. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- ➤ Nlrp3 gene is about 3.3kb from exon1 of Olfr222 gene, and the insertion of loxP or the knockout of Olfr222 gene may affect the regulation of the three terminal of Nlrp3 gene.
- > This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Olfr222 olfactory receptor 222 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 257962, updated on 12-Aug-2019

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Olfr222 provided by MGI

Official Full Name olfactory receptor 222 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:3030056

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000059610

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status PROVISIONAL
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae;

Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as MOR256-45P

Summary Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor

proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes

and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Orthologs <u>human</u> all

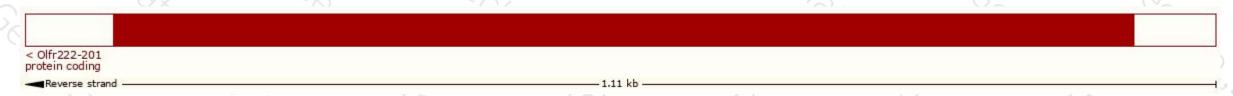
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 3 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

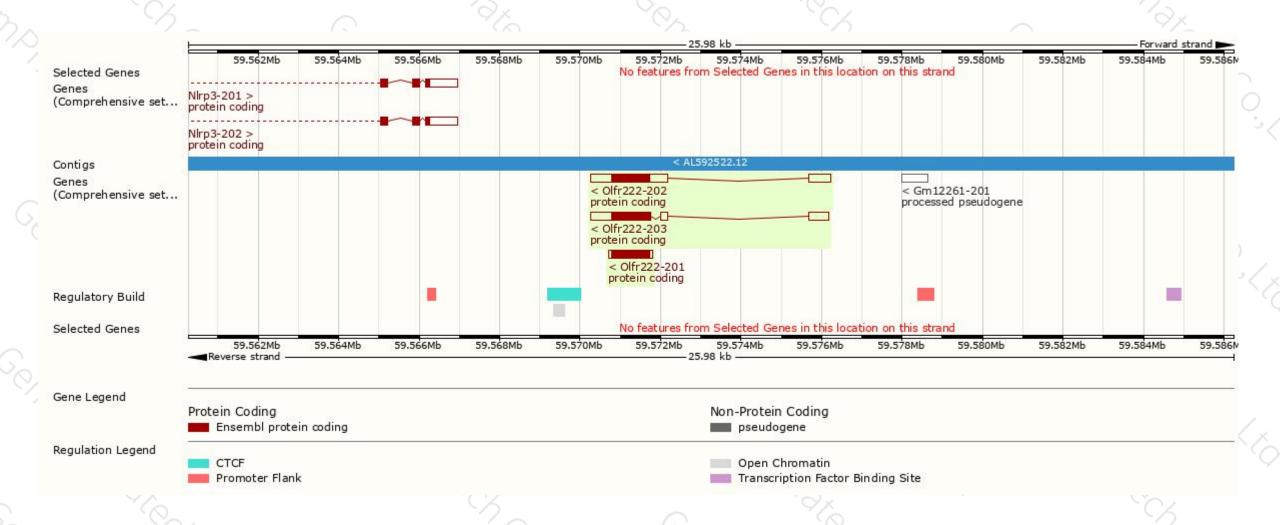
| Name | Transcript ID | bp | Protein | Biotype | CCDS | UniProt | Flags |
|-------------|----------------------|------|---------|----------------|-----------|---------|--------------------------------|
| Olfr222-202 | ENSMUST00000214351.1 | 2474 | 318aa | Protein coding | CCDS24772 | Q7TS30 | TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1 |
| Olfr222-203 | ENSMUST00000215339.1 | 2166 | 318aa | Protein coding | CCDS24772 | Q7TS30 | TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1 |
| Olfr222-201 | ENSMUST00000071943.5 | 1115 | 318aa | Protein coding | CCDS24772 | Q7TS30 | TSL:NA GENCODE basic APPRIS P1 |

The strategy is based on the design of Olfr222-201 transcript, The transcription is shown below



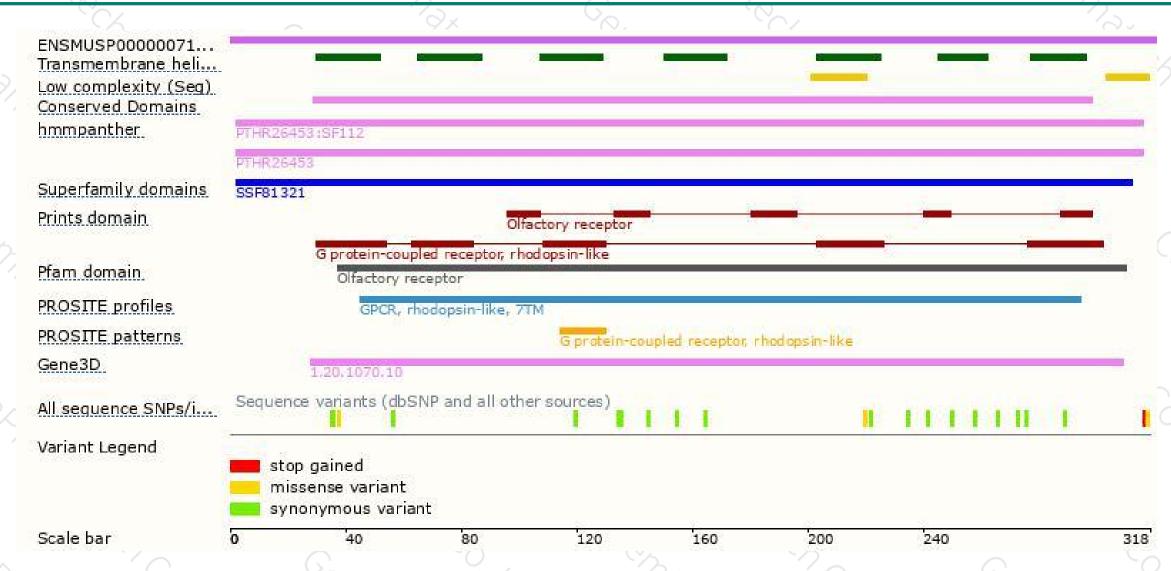
Genomic location distribution





Protein domain







If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





