

Rora Cas9-KO Strategy

Designer: Yupeng Yang

Reviewer Shilei Zhu

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Project Overview



Project Name Rora

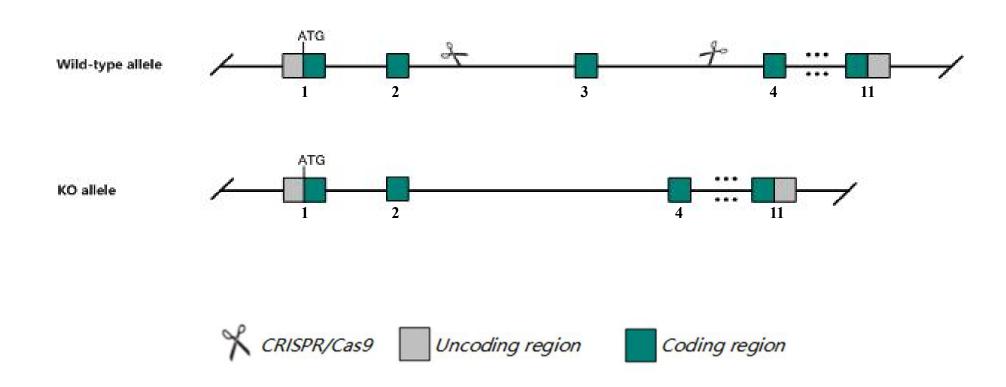
Project type Cas9-KO

Strain background C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Rora* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



The Rora gene has 6 transcripts. According to the structure of Rora gene, exon3 of Rora-201

(ENSMUST00000034766.13) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 86bp coding sequence.

Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.

In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Rora* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system v

Notice



According to the existing MGI data, Homozygotes for null mutations exhibit ataxia, cerebellar dysgenesis, impaired Purkinje and granule cell development, olfactory defects, hypoalphalipoproteinemia, and death around 4 weeks. Heterozygotes show slow Purkinje cell dedritic atrophy and loss.

The *Rora* gene is located on the Chr9. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.

This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information NCBI



Rora RAR-related orphan receptor alpha [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 19883, updated on 26-Feb-2019

Summary



Official Symbol Rora provided by MGI

Official Full Name RAR-related orphan receptor alpha provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:104661

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000032238

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as 9530021D13Rik, Nr1f1, ROR1, ROR2, ROR3, nmf267, sg, staggerer, tmgc26

Summary The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the NR1 subfamily of nuclear hormone receptors. It can bind as a monomer or as a

homodimer to hormone response elements upstream of several genes to enhance the expression of those genes. The encoded protein has been shown to interact with NM23-2, a nucleoside diphosphate kinase involved in organogenesis and differentiation, as well as with NM23-1, the product of a tumor metastasis suppressor candidate gene. Also, it has been shown to aid in the transcriptional regulation of some genes involved in circadian rhythm. Three transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Feb

2014]

Expression Broad expression in cerebellum adult (RPKM 8.5), cortex adult (RPKM 3.0) and 19 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs human all

Transcript information Ensembl



The gene has 6 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

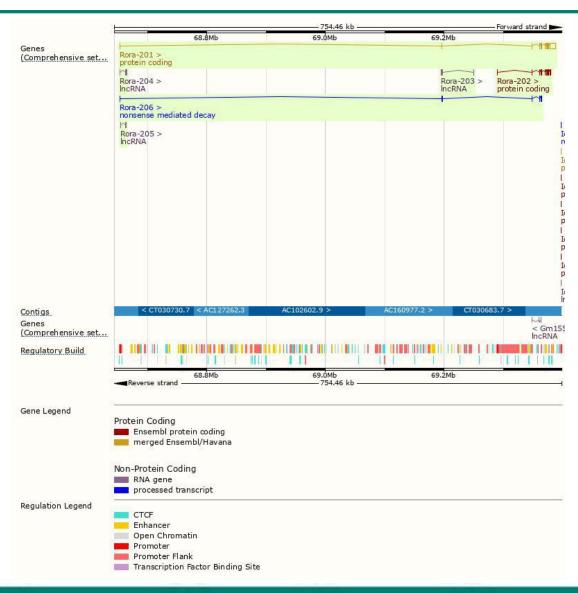
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Rora-201	ENSMUST00000034766.13	10878	<u>523aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS23314	P51448	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Rora-202	ENSMUST00000113624.2	2591	<u>467aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS72268	P51448 Q3U1P4	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Rora-206	ENSMUST00000174296.1	751	62aa	Nonsense mediated decay	120	G3UZ02	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:5
Rora-204	ENSMUST00000140351.7	1422	No protein	IncRNA	7527	14	TSL:3
Rora-203	ENSMUST00000132355.1	561	No protein	IncRNA	1.5	65	TSL:2
Rora-205	ENSMUST00000143507.1	508	No protein	IncRNA	-	-	TSL:5

The strategy is based on the design of *Rora-201* transcript, The transcription is shown below



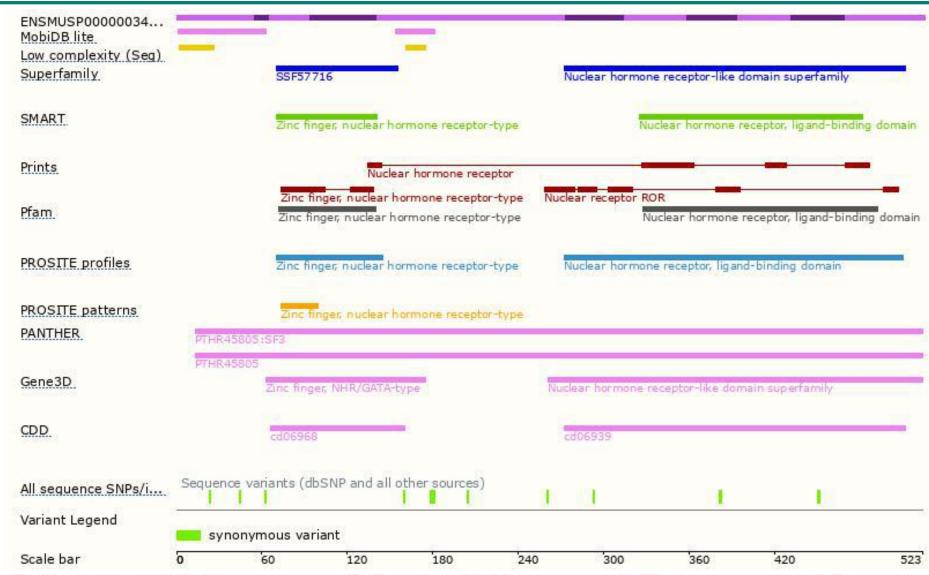
Genomic location distribution





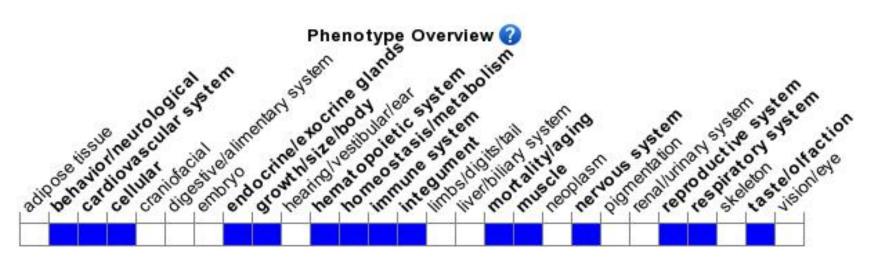
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

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If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





