

Hras Cas9-KO Strategy

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Project Overview

Project Name

Hras

Project type

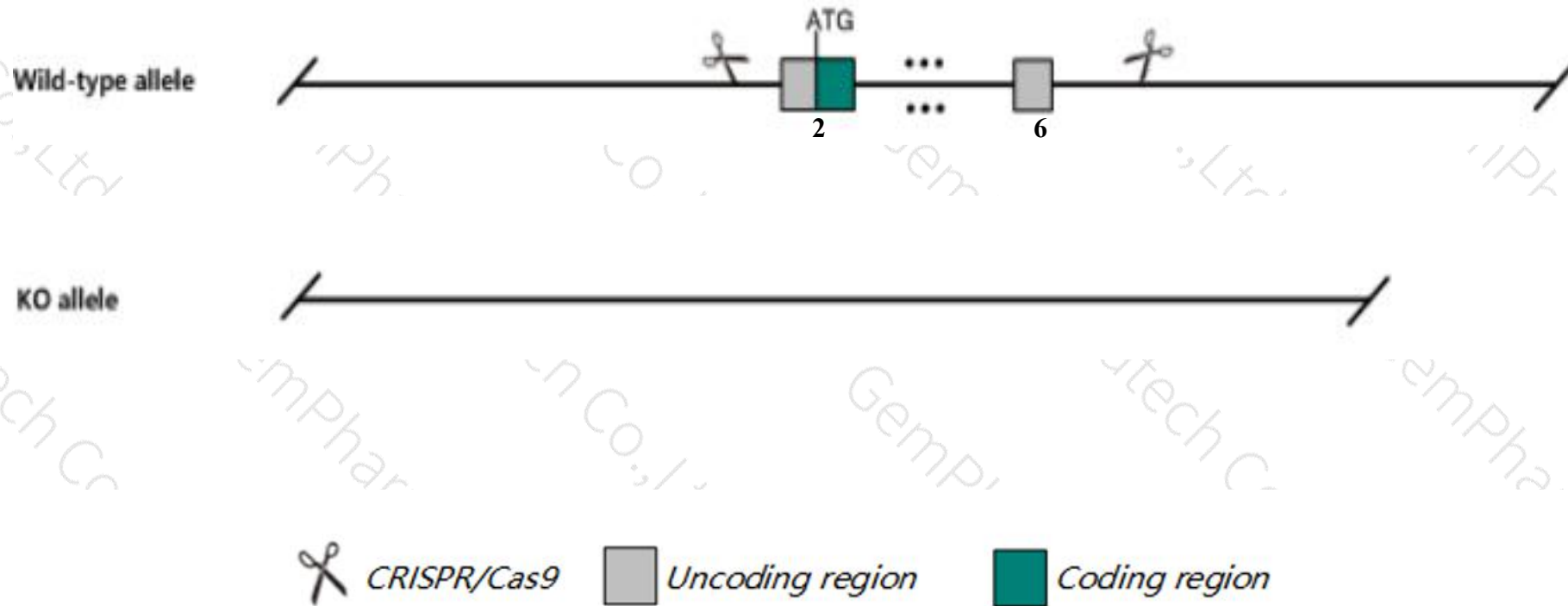
Cas9-KO

Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Hras* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



- The *Hras* gene has 7 transcripts. According to the structure of *Hras* gene, exon2-exon6 of *Hras-201* (ENSMUST00000026572.10) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains all coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Hras* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system v

- According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for targeted null mutations are viable and fertile with no gross morphological or histological abnormalities, defects in neuronal development or defects in lymphocyte cell populations. a decreased susceptibility to dmba induced skin papillomas was also demonstrated.
- Knockout the region may affect the function of *Lrrc56* gene.
- The *Hras* gene is located on the Chr7. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)

Hras Harvey rat sarcoma virus oncogene [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 15461, updated on 13-Mar-2020

Summary



Official Symbol Hras provided by [MGI](#)

Official Full Name Harvey rat sarcoma virus oncogene provided by [MGI](#)

Primary source [MGI:MGI:96224](#)

See related [Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000025499](#)

Gene type protein coding

RefSeq status VALIDATED

Organism [Mus musculus](#)

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as H-ras, Ha-ras, Harvey-ras, Hras-1, Hras1, Kras2, c-H-ras, c-Ha-ras, c-rasHa, ras

Expression Ubiquitous expression in CNS E18 (RPKM 31.5), cortex adult (RPKM 31.3) and 28 other tissues [See more](#)

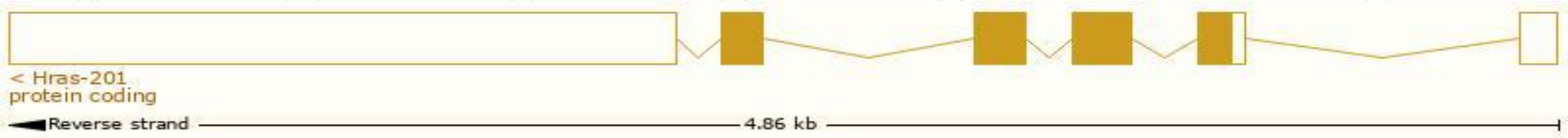
Orthologs [human](#) [all](#)

Transcript information (Ensembl)

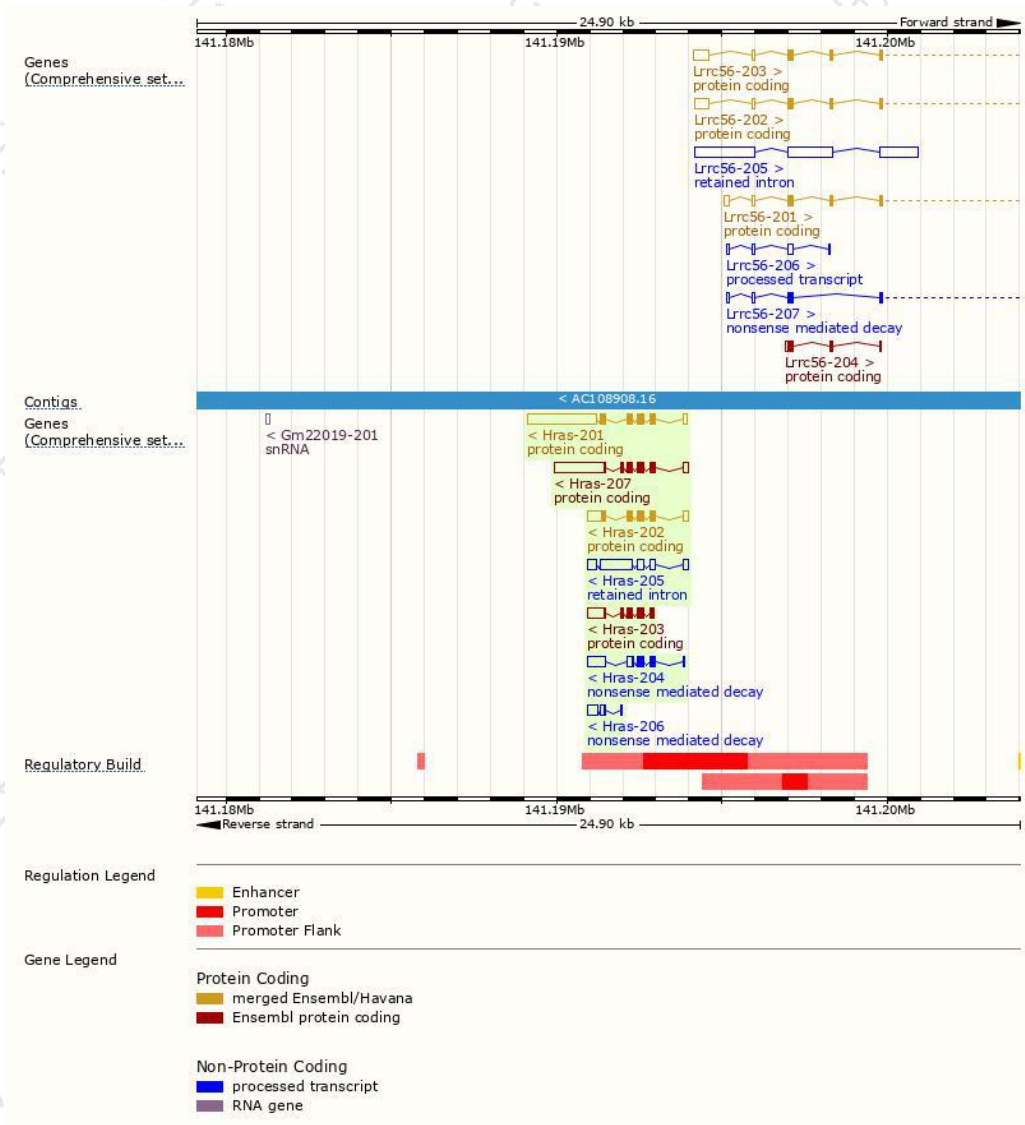
The gene has 7 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Hras-201	ENSMUST00000026572.10	2828	189aa	Protein coding	CCDS22003	Q61411	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS P1
Hras-207	ENSMUST00000168550.7	2272	188aa	Protein coding	CCDS52439	Q61411	TSL:5 GENCODE basic
Hras-202	ENSMUST00000097957.10	1199	189aa	Protein coding	CCDS22003	Q61411	TSL:2 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS P1
Hras-203	ENSMUST00000124314.2	1073	188aa	Protein coding	CCDS52439	Q61411	TSL:5 GENCODE basic
Hras-204	ENSMUST00000124971.1	1122	119aa	Nonsense mediated decay	-	C0H5X4	TSL:2
Hras-206	ENSMUST00000134008.1	447	19aa	Nonsense mediated decay	-	A0A1B0GRN0	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:5
Hras-205	ENSMUST00000128993.1	1704	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:2

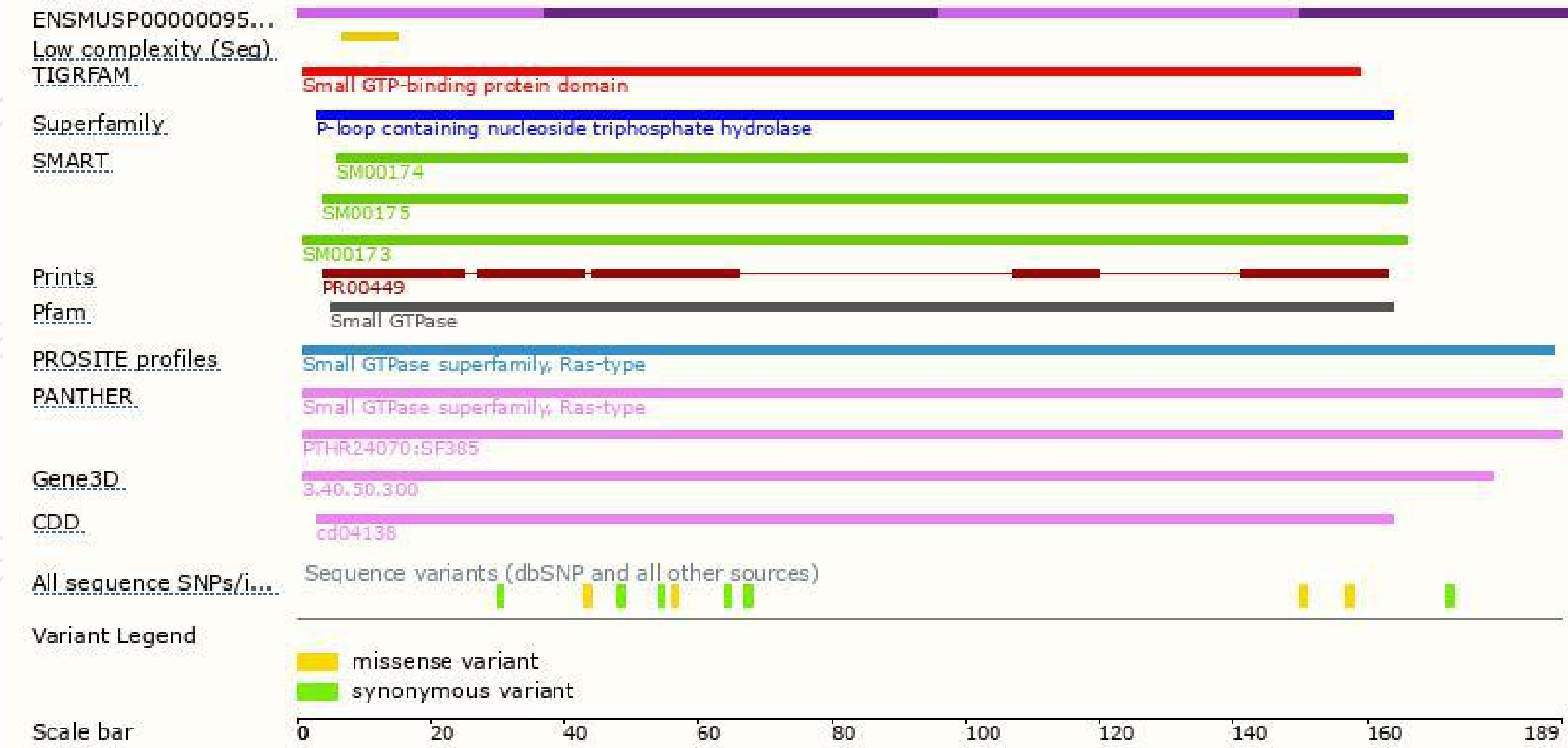
The strategy is based on the design of *Hras-201* transcript,the transcription is shown below:



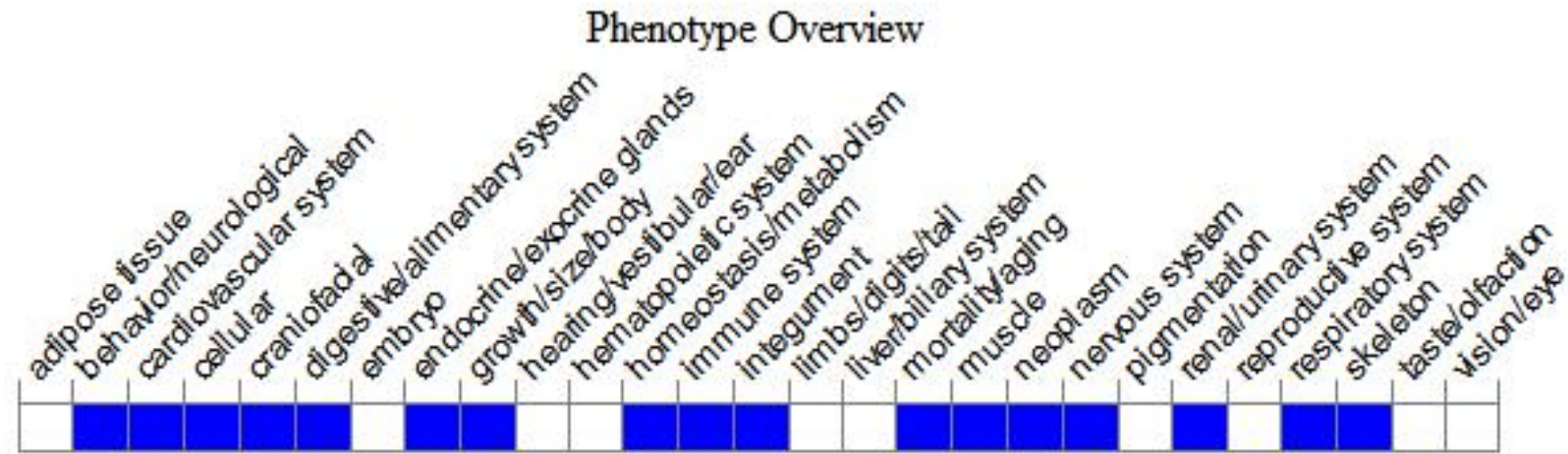
Genomic location distribution



Protein domain



Mouse phenotype description(MGI)



Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).

According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for targeted null mutations are viable and fertile with no gross morphological or histological abnormalities, defects in neuronal development or defects in lymphocyte cell populations. A decreased susceptibility to DMBA induced skin papillomas was also demonstrated.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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