

# ***Flnb*** Cas9-KO Strategy

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# Project Overview

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**Project Name**

***Flnb***

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**Project type**

**Cas9-KO**

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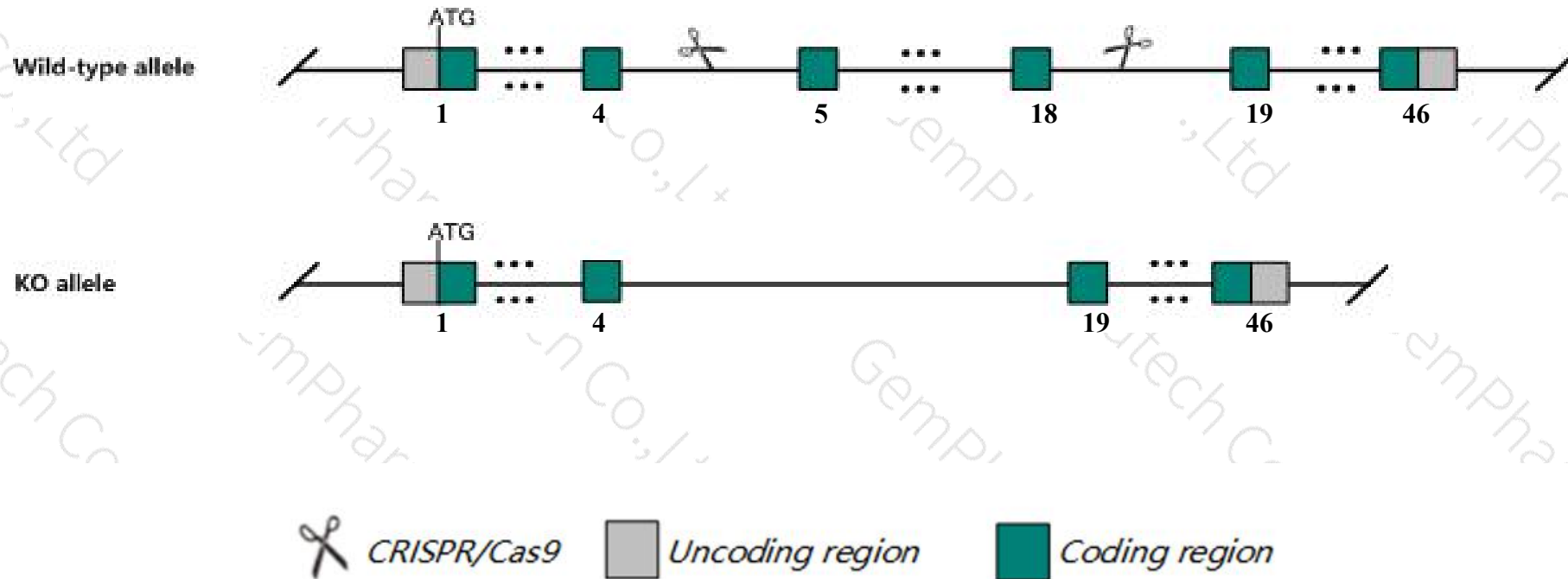
**Strain background**

**C57BL/6JGpt**

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# Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Flnb* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



- The *Flnb* gene has 2 transcripts. According to the structure of *Flnb* gene, exon5-exon18 of *Flnb-201* (ENSMUST00000052678.8) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 1958bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Flnb* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system v

- According to the existing MGI data, Mutations in this gene cause skeletal defects including runting, premature mineralization, and bone fusion. Nullizygous mice show a delay and reduction in long bone growth. Truncation mutations cause early fusion of spinal vertebrae due to enhanced chondrocyte hypertrophy and early differentiation.
- The *Flnb* gene is located on the Chr14. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.



# Gene information (NCBI)

## Flnb filamin, beta [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 286940, updated on 31-Jan-2019

### Summary



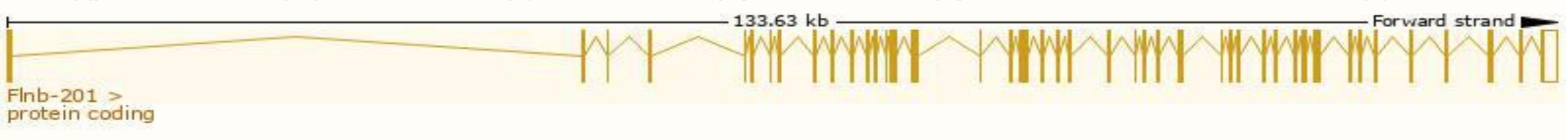
<b>Official Symbol</b>	Flnb provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
<b>Official Full Name</b>	filamin, beta provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
<b>Primary source</b>	<a href="#">MGI:MGI:2446089</a>
<b>See related</b>	<a href="#">Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000025278</a>
<b>Gene type</b>	protein coding
<b>RefSeq status</b>	VALIDATED
<b>Organism</b>	<a href="#">Mus musculus</a>
<b>Lineage</b>	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus
<b>Also known as</b>	AL024016, Fln-b
<b>Expression</b>	Ubiquitous expression in colon adult (RPKM 35.6), placenta adult (RPKM 32.0) and 28 other tissues <a href="#">See more</a>
<b>Orthologs</b>	<a href="#">human</a> <a href="#">all</a>

# Transcript information (Ensembl)

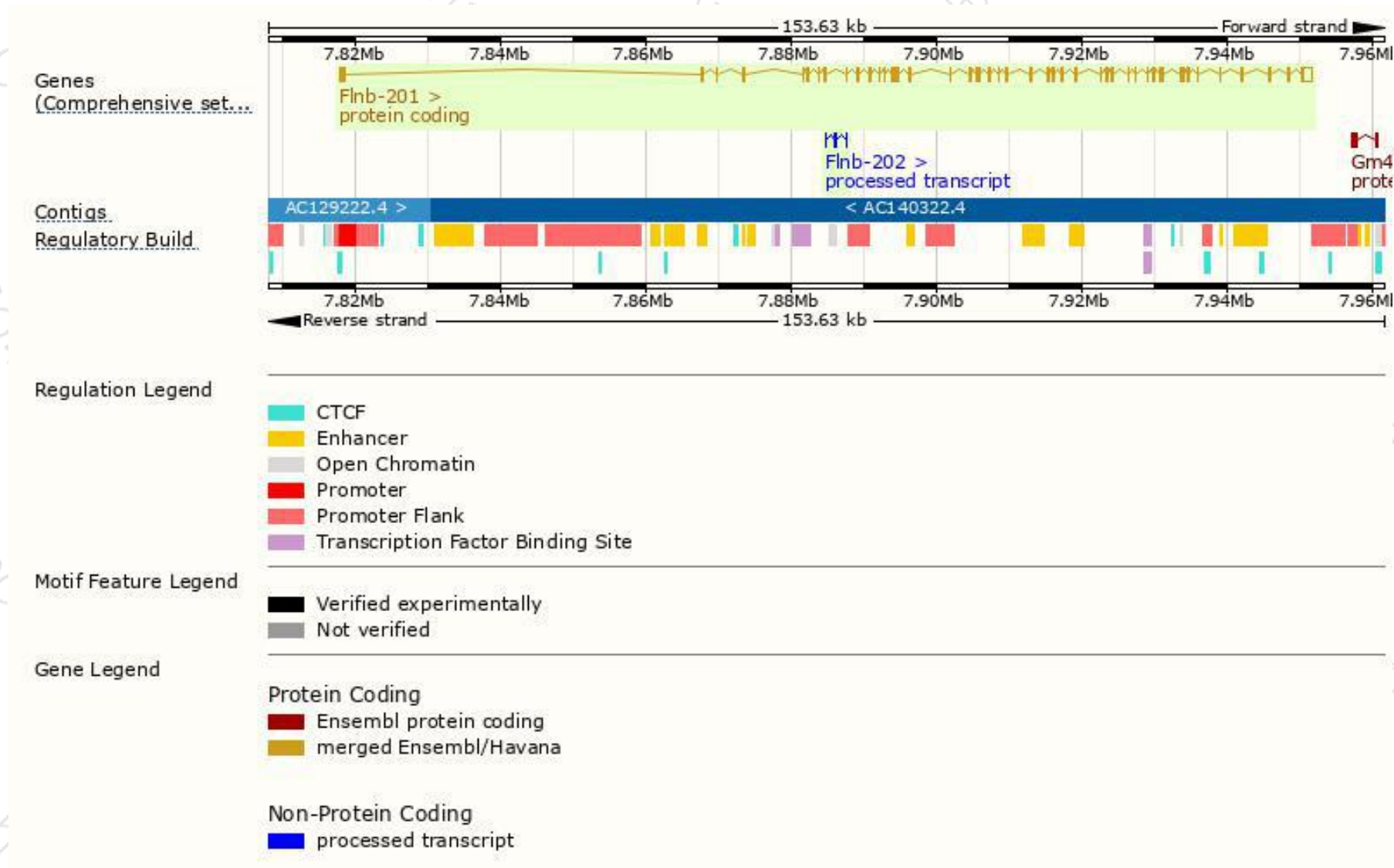
The gene has 2 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Flnb-201	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000052678.8</a>	9100	<a href="#">2602aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS70540</a>	<a href="#">Q80X90</a>	TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Flnb-202	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000228206.1</a>	111	No protein	Processed transcript	-	-	

The strategy is based on the design of *Flnb-201* transcript,The transcription is shown below



# Genomic location distribution

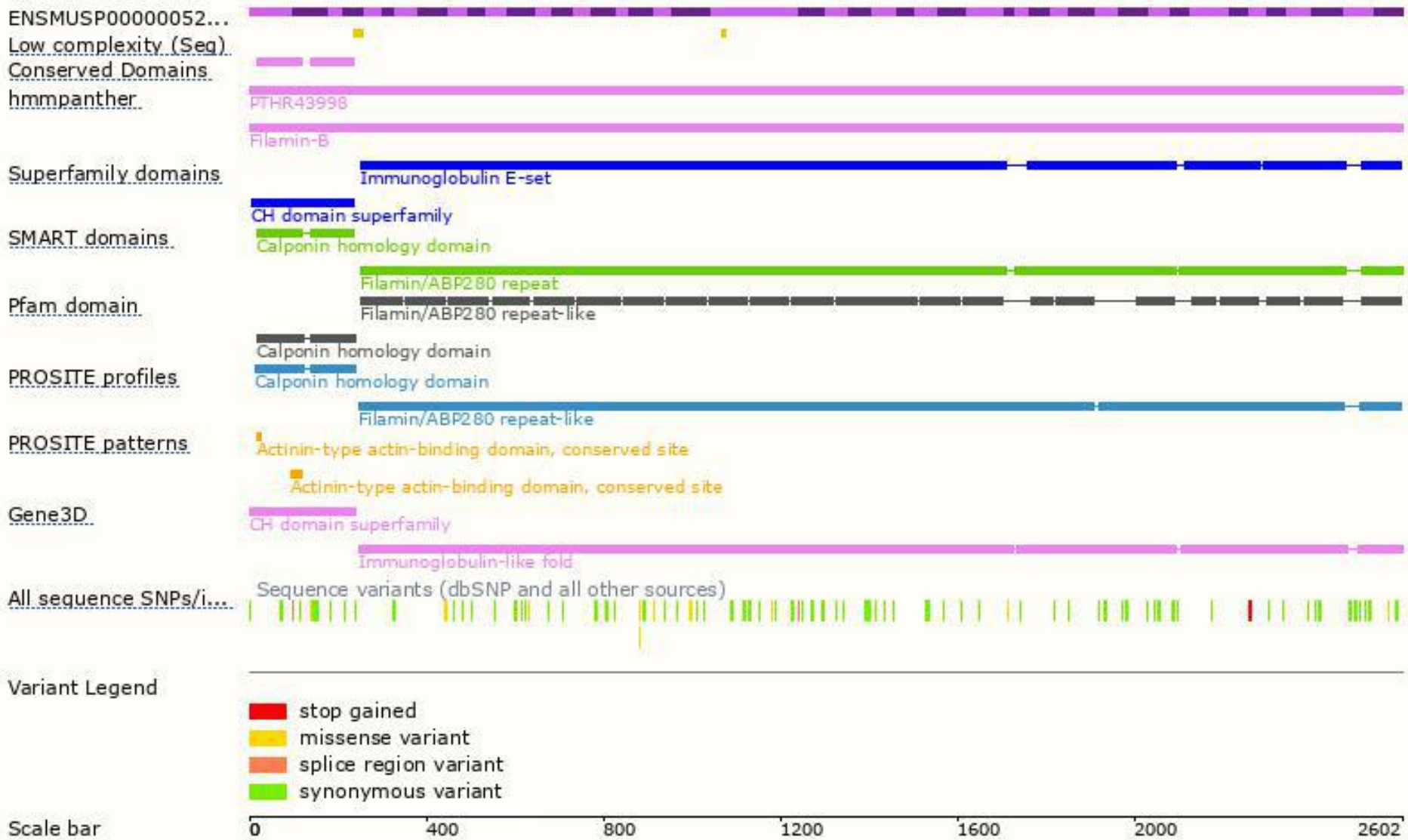




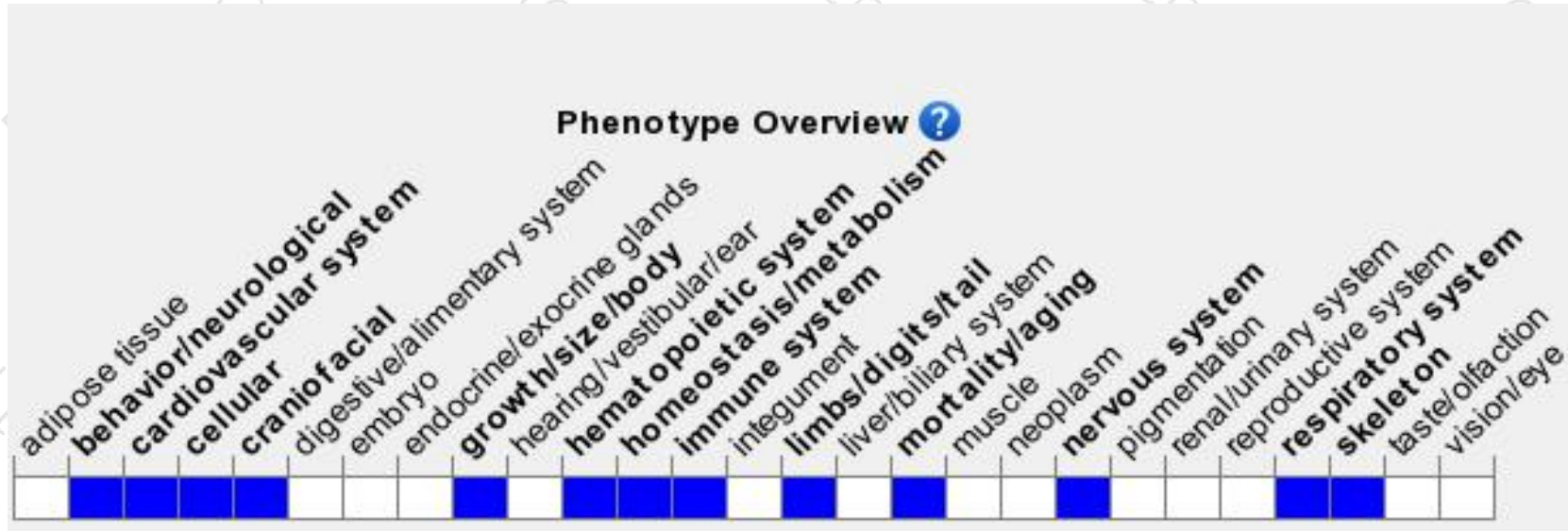
# Protein domain



集萃药康  
GemPharmatech



# Mouse phenotype description(MGI )



*Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).*

According to the existing MGI data, Mutations in this gene cause skeletal defects including runting, premature mineralization, and bone fusion. Nullizygous mice show a delay and reduction in long bone growth. Truncation mutations cause early fusion of spinal vertebrae due to enhanced chondrocyte hypertrophy and early differentiation.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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