

# **Dpp9** Cas9-CKO Strategy

**Designer: Jinlong Zhao** 

**Reviewer: Shilei Zhu** 

**Design Date: 2020-8-11** 



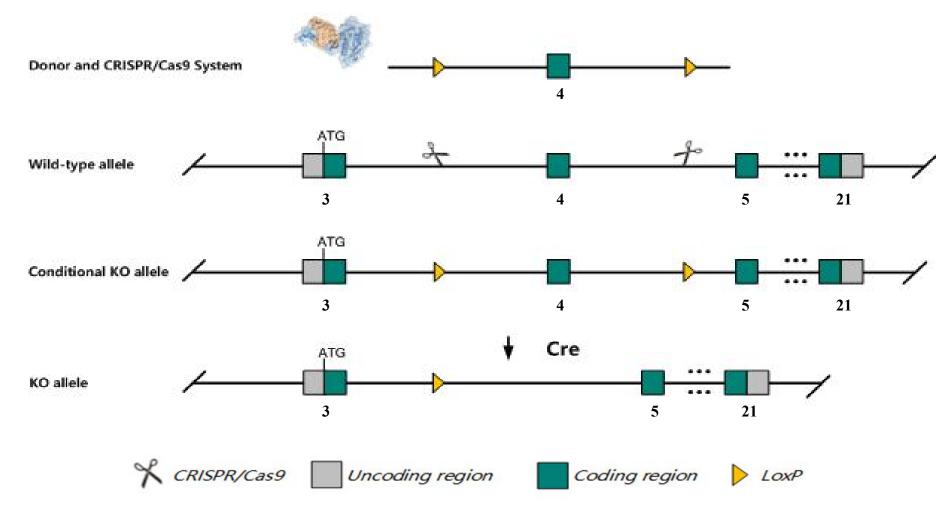


Project Name	Dpp9						
Project type	Cas9-CKO						
Strain background	C57BL/6JGpt						

### **Conditional Knockout strategy**



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Dpp9 gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



江苏集萃药康生物科技股份有限公司

#### GemPharmatech Co., Ltd.



The *Dpp9* gene has 3 transcripts. According to the structure of *Dpp9* gene, exon4 of *Dpp9-201*(ENSMUST00000038794.5) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 113bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.

In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Dpp9* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice.Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.

The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.



According to the existing MGI data, homozygous mutants display partial neonatal lethality and complete lethality at preweaning stages with defects suckling due to undeveloped tongue muscle.

The *Dpp9* gene is located on the Chr17. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.

This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases.Due to the complexity of biological processes,all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

#### Dpp9 dipeptidylpeptidase 9 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 224897, updated on 13-Mar-2020

#### Summary

<b>Official Symbol</b>	Dpp9 provided by MGI
<b>Official Full Name</b>	dipeptidylpeptidase 9 provided by <u>MGI</u>
<b>Primary source</b>	MGI:MGI:2443967
See related	Ensembl:ENSMUSG0000001229
Gene type	protein coding
RefSeq status	VALIDATED
Organism	Mus musculus
Lineage	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
	Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus
Also known as	6430584G11Rik, A330078I11, DPP IX, DPRP2
Expression	Ubiquitous expression in lung adult (RPKM 24.7), thymus adult (RPKM 22.1) and 28 other tissuesSee more
Orthologs	human all



| ?

## **Transcript information Ensembl**



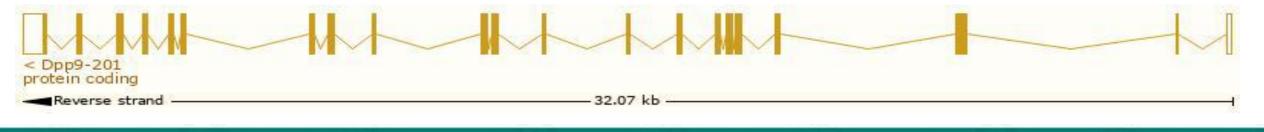
400-9660890

The gene has 3 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

江苏集萃药康生物科技股份有限公司

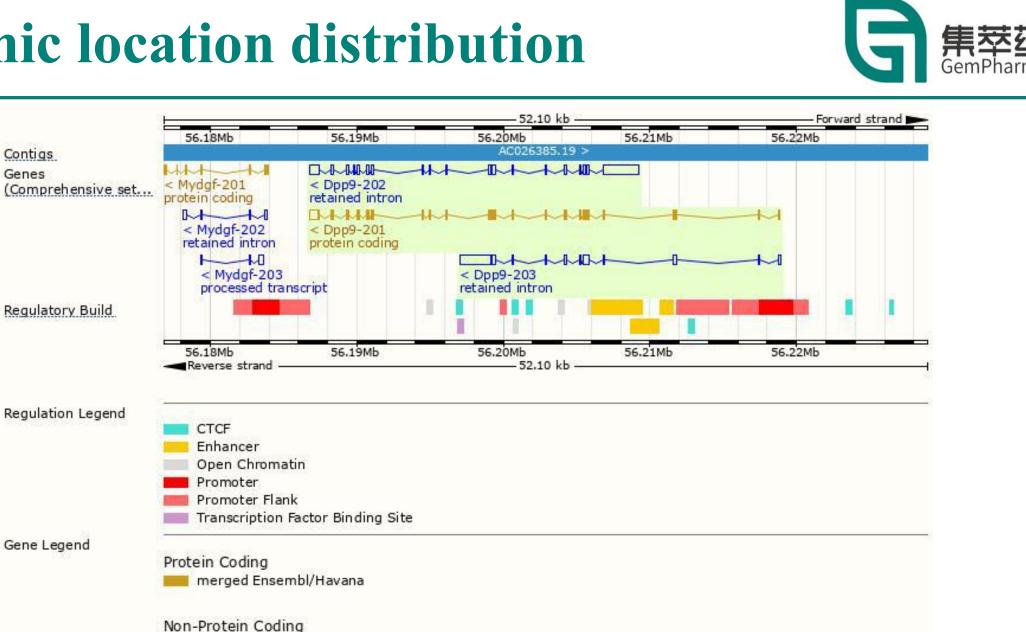
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Dpp9-201	ENSMUST0000038794.5	3374	<u>862aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS37663	Q8BVG4	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Dpp9-202	ENSMUST00000223616.1	5366	No protein	Retained intron	-	19 <b>8</b> 2	
Dpp9-203	ENSMUST00000233586.1	3720	No protein	Retained intron	2	12	

The strategy is based on the design of *Dpp9-201* transcript, the transcription is shown below:



GemPharmatech Co., Ltd.

### **Genomic location distribution**



processed transcript

江苏集萃药康生物科技股份有限公司

GemPharmatech Co., Ltd.

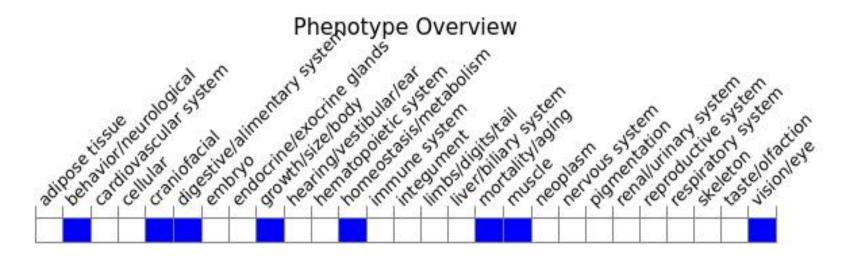
400-9660890

## **Protein domain**

ENSMUSP00000046 Low complexity (Seg) Superfamily		2	SF82171						- ,	Npha/B	ieta hy	drolase fol	d	
<u>Pfam</u>	Dipeptidylpeptidase IV, N-terminal domain							-	Peptidase S9, prolyl oligopeptida					
PANTHER.	C.	1731:SF109												
Gene3D	PTHR11731 Dipeptidylpeptid ase IV, N-terminal domain superfamily									Alpha/Beta hydrolase fold				
All sequence SNPs/i	Seque	ence variant	s (dbSNP a	nd all other	sources)	i i	1	1	Ĥ.	I	1 P	11	10-1-1	
Scale bar	s s	nissense va plice regior ynonymou: 80	n variant	240	320	400	480		560	64		720	862	



# 



Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, homozygous mutants display partial neonatal lethality and complete lethality at preweaning stages with defects suckling due to undeveloped tongue muscle.



#### If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





