

# ***Brd4* Cas9-CKO Strategy**

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Date: 2018/10/23

# Project Overview

**Project Name**

***Brd4***

**Project type**

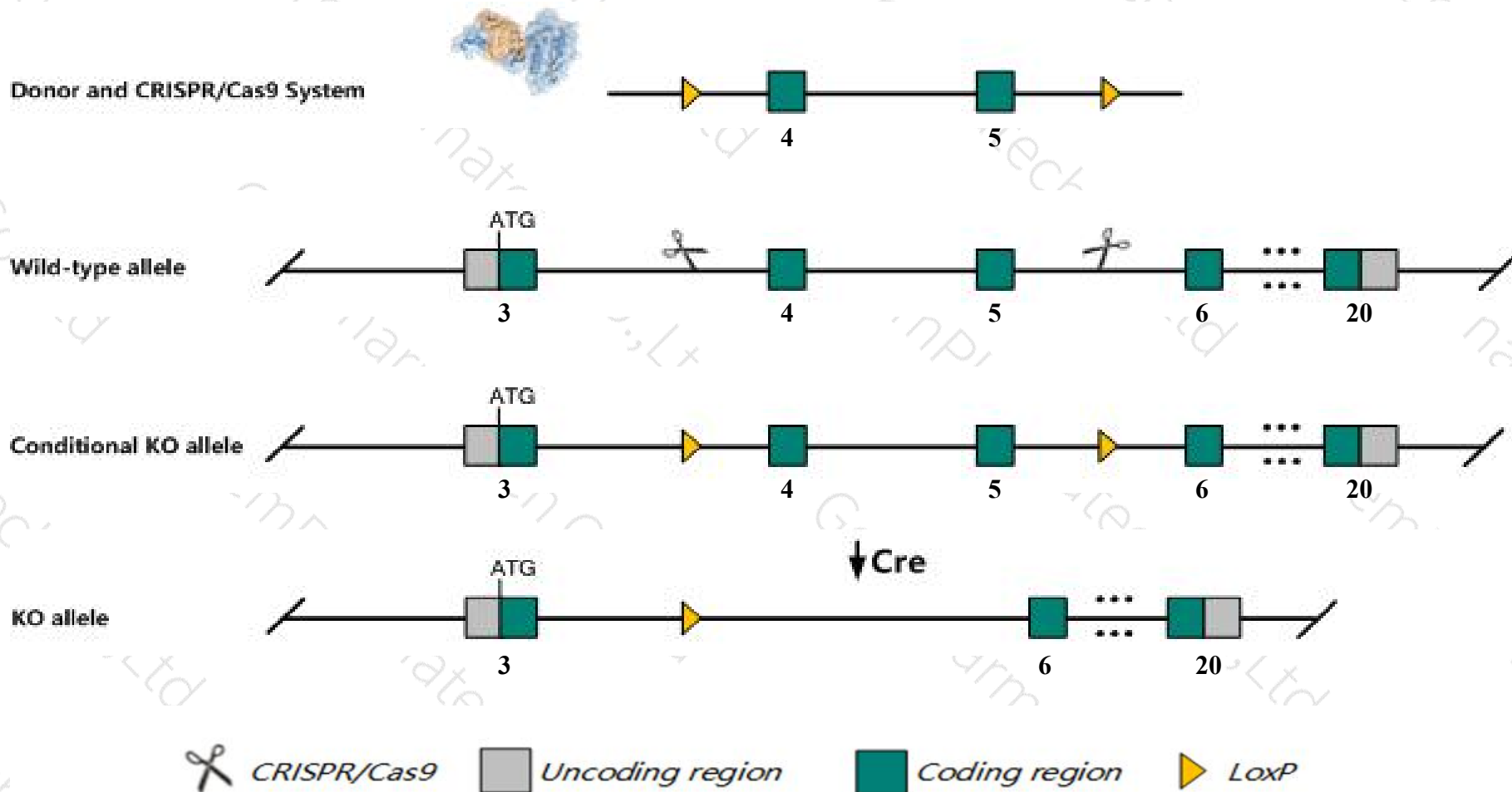
**Cas9-CKO**

**Strain background**

**C57BL/6JGpt**

# Conditional Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Brd4* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



- The *Brd4* gene has 12 transcripts. According to the structure of *Brd4* gene, exon4-exon5 of *Brd4-201* (ENSMUST00000003726.15) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 277bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Brd4* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

- According to the existing MGI data, Homozygotes for a gene-trap null mutation die soon after implantation. Heterozygotes exhibit impaired pre- and postnatal growth, head malformations, lack of subcutaneous fat, cataracts, and abnormal liver cells.
- The *Brd4* gene is located on the Chr17. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.



# Gene information (NCBI)

## Brd4 bromodomain containing 4 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 57261, updated on 3-Feb-2019

### Summary



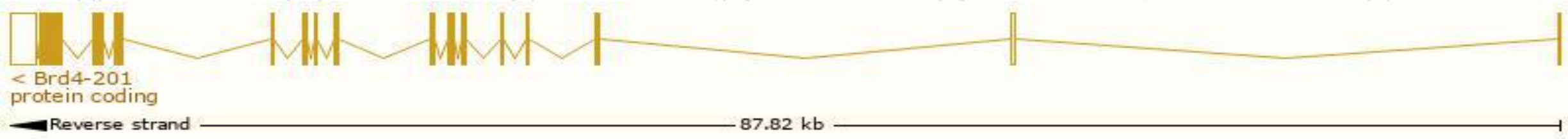
<b>Official Symbol</b>	Brd4 provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
<b>Official Full Name</b>	bromodomain containing 4 provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
<b>Primary source</b>	<a href="#">MGI:MGI:1888520</a>
<b>See related</b>	<a href="#">Ensembl:ENSMUSG000000024002</a>
<b>Gene type</b>	protein coding
<b>RefSeq status</b>	VALIDATED
<b>Organism</b>	<a href="#">Mus musculus</a>
<b>Lineage</b>	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus
<b>Also known as</b>	Brd5, HUNK1, MCAP, WI-11513
<b>Summary</b>	This gene was temporarily named bromodomain-containing 5 (Brd5) and was renamed bromodomain-containing 4 (Brd4). [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
<b>Expression</b>	Ubiquitous expression in thymus adult (RPKM 17.8), spleen adult (RPKM 13.4) and 28 other tissues <a href="#">See more</a>
<b>Orthologs</b>	<a href="#">human</a> <a href="#">all</a>

# Transcript information (Ensembl)

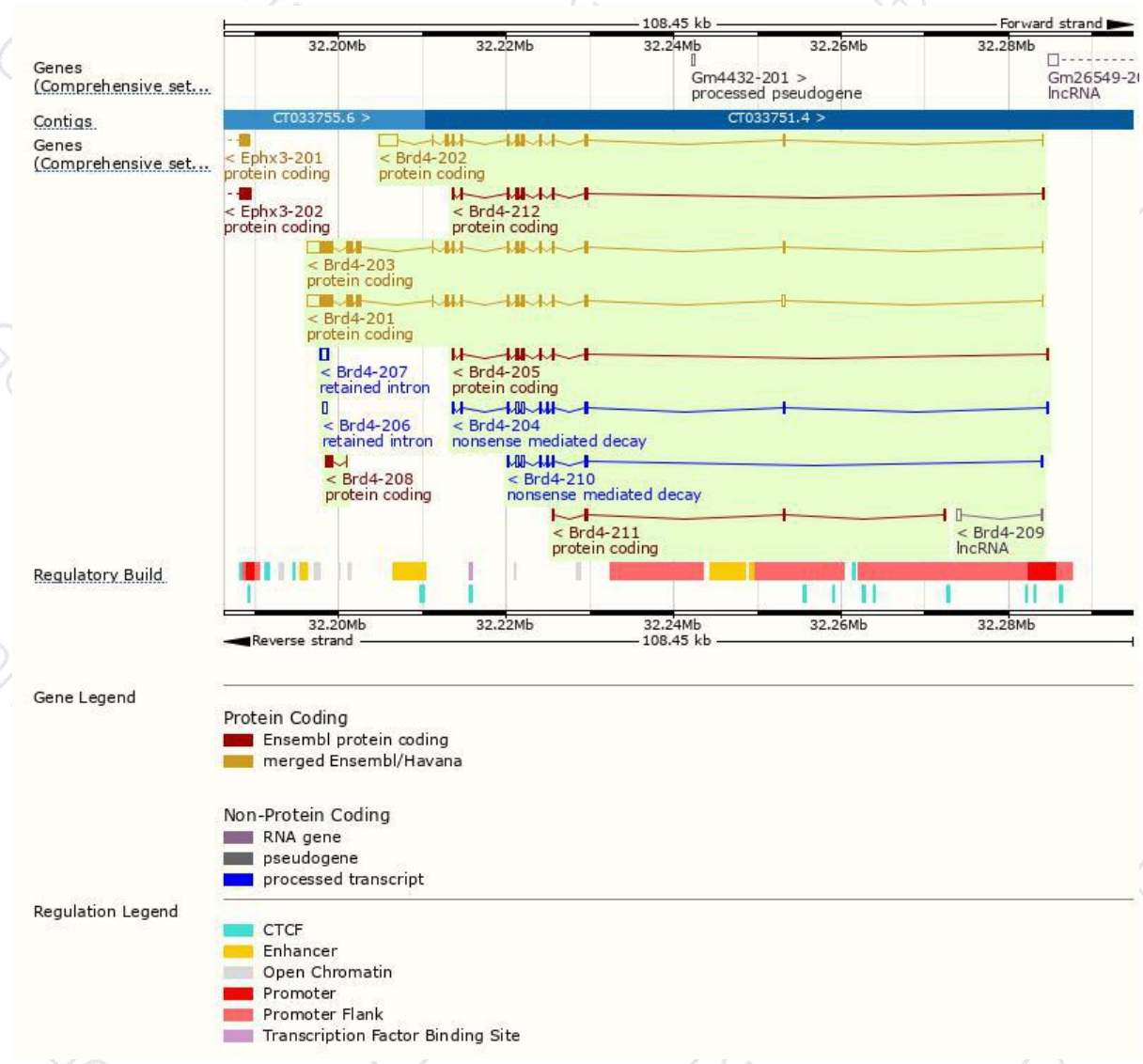
The gene has 12 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Brd4-201	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000003726.15</a>	5957	<a href="#">1401aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS70784</a>	<a href="#">Q3UH70</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT2
Brd4-203	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000121285.7</a>	5922	<a href="#">1400aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS50057</a>	<a href="#">Q9ESU6</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P3
Brd4-202	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000120276.8</a>	4486	<a href="#">723aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS37554</a>	<a href="#">B0V2V8 B2RSE4 Q9ESU6</a>	TSL:5 GENCODE basic
Brd4-205	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000127893.7</a>	1910	<a href="#">557aa</a>	Protein coding	-	<a href="#">B0V2V6</a>	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:1
Brd4-212	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000237692.1</a>	1823	<a href="#">572aa</a>	Protein coding	-	-	CDS 3' incomplete
Brd4-211	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000237008.1</a>	731	<a href="#">133aa</a>	Protein coding	-	-	CDS 3' incomplete
Brd4-208	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000230858.1</a>	507	<a href="#">169aa</a>	Protein coding	-	<a href="#">A0A2R8VHW4</a>	5' and 3' truncations in transcript evidence prevent annotation of the start and the end of the CDS. CDS 5' and 3' incomplete
Brd4-204	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000125899.1</a>	2118	<a href="#">146aa</a>	Nonsense mediated decay	-	<a href="#">D6RGP2</a>	TSL:1
Brd4-210	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000235598.1</a>	1757	<a href="#">146aa</a>	Nonsense mediated decay	-	-	
Brd4-207	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000230565.1</a>	747	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	
Brd4-206	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000229020.1</a>	438	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	
Brd4-209	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000230982.1</a>	618	No protein	lncRNA	-	-	

The strategy is based on the design of *Brd4-201* transcript,The transcription is shown below

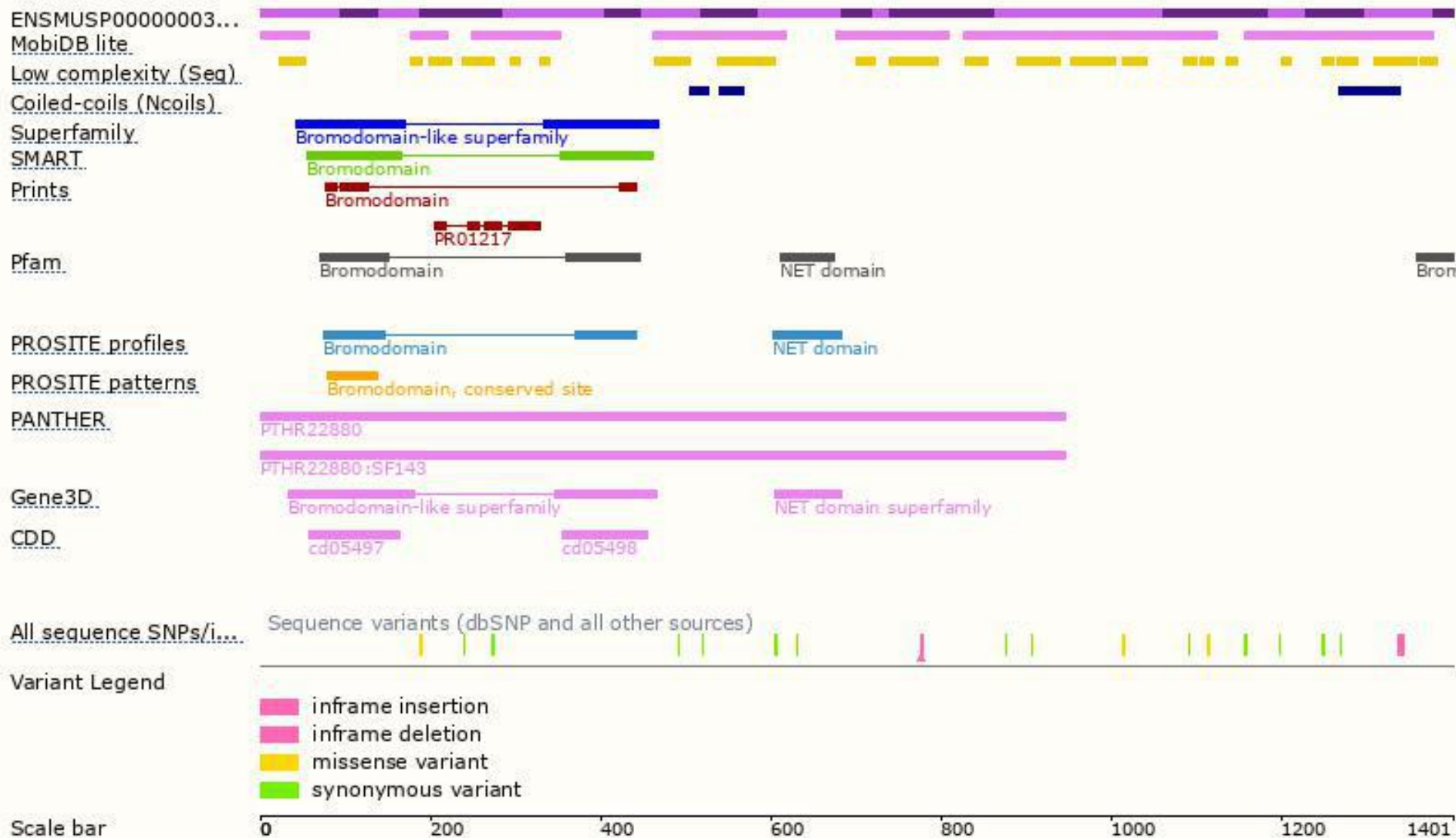


# Genomic location distribution

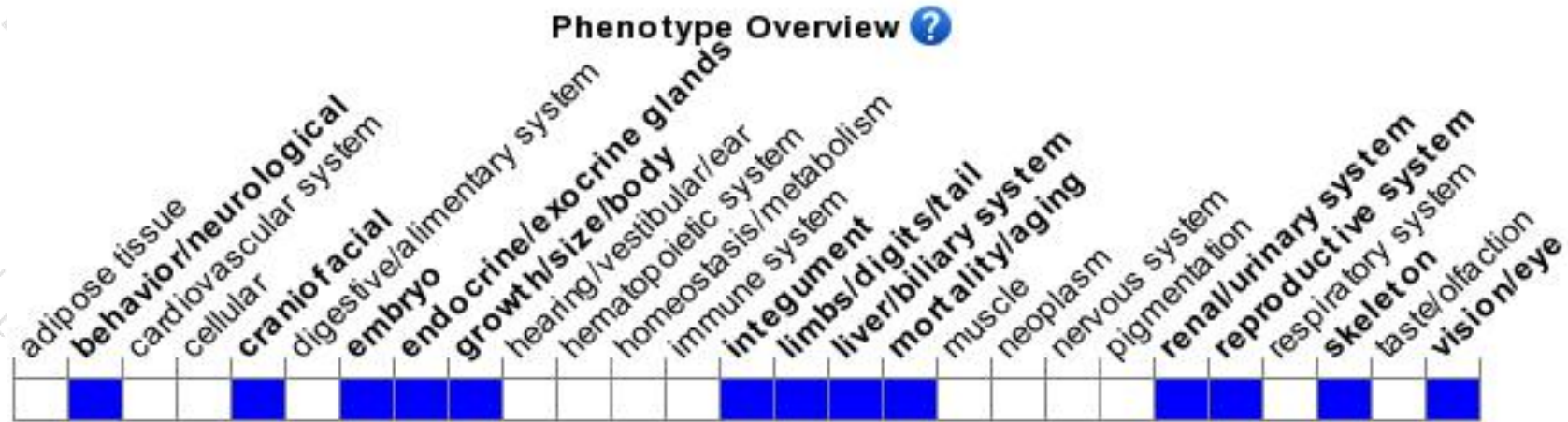




# Protein domain



# Mouse phenotype description(MGI)



*Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).*

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygotes for a gene-trap null mutation die soon after implantation. Heterozygotes exhibit impaired pre- and postnatal growth, head malformations, lack of subcutaneous fat, cataracts, and abnormal liver cells.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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