

Creb1 Cas9-KO Strategy

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Project Overview



Project Name

Creb1

Project type

Cas9-KO

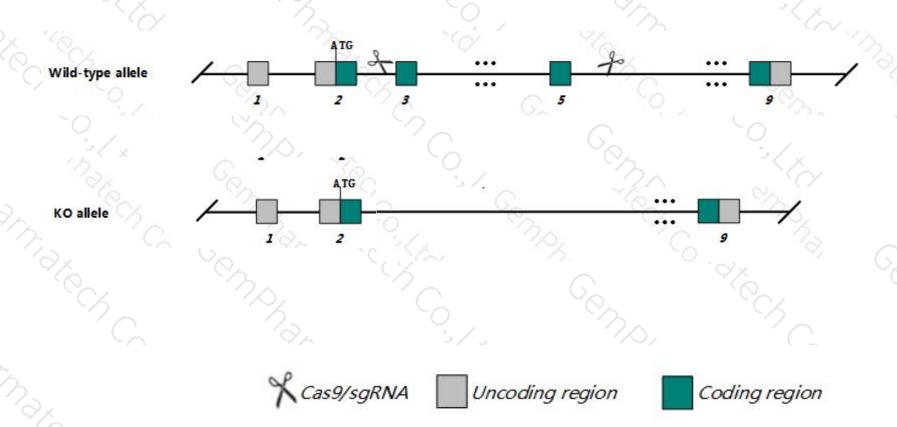
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Creb1* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Creb1* gene has 11 transcripts. According to the structure of *Creb1* gene, exon3-exon4 of *Creb1-201* (ENSMUST00000049932.11) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 248bp coding sequence Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Creb1* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for alleles lacking some or all isotypes exhibit a range of defects involving circadian rhythms, axonal growth, sensory neuron survival, long-term memory, fear conditioning, body size, respiration, and neonatal viability.
- > The *Creb1* gene is located on the Chr1. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Creb1 cAMP responsive element binding protein 1 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 12912, updated on 7-Apr-2019

Summary

↑ ?

Official Symbol Creb1 provided by MGI

Official Full Name cAMP responsive element binding protein 1 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:88494

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000025958

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as 2310001E10Rik, 3526402H21Rik, AV083133, Creb, Creb-1

Expression Ubiquitous expression in CNS E11.5 (RPKM 5.1), thymus adult (RPKM 4.9) and 28 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs <u>human</u> all

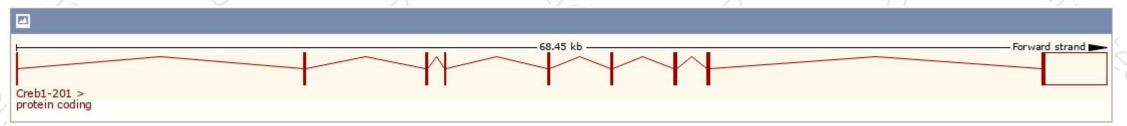
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 11 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

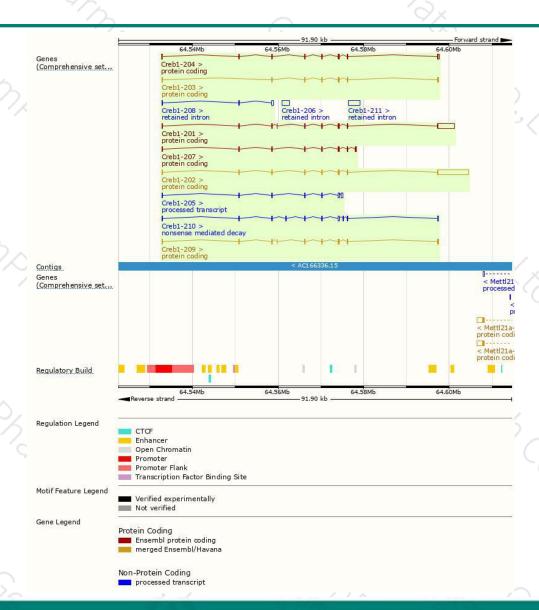
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Creb1-202	ENSMUST00000087366.10	8364	327aa	Protein coding	CCDS15005	Q01147 Q543W0	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT1
Creb1-201	ENSMUST00000049932.11	5009	341aa	Protein coding	CCDS15004	Q01147 Q547S9	TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS P4
Creb1-204	ENSMUST00000185594.6	1569	327aa	Protein coding	CCDS15005	Q01147 Q543W0	TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT
Creb1-203	ENSMUST00000171164.7	1287	287aa	Protein coding	CCDS48280	Q62347	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Creb1-209	ENSMUST00000190348.1	1260	341aa	Protein coding	CCDS15004	Q01147 Q547S9	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P4
Creb1-207	ENSMUST00000187811.6	1255	317aa	Protein coding	6.77	A0A087WRI6	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Creb1-210	ENSMUST00000190876.6	1420	<u>90aa</u>	Nonsense mediated decay	140	Q61441	TSL:5
Creb1-205	ENSMUST00000186335.6	1288	No protein	Processed transcript	120	1.27	TSL:1
Creb1-211	ENSMUST00000190979.1	2763	No protein	Retained intron	1783	(5)	TSL:NA
Creb1-206	ENSMUST00000187035.1	1642	No protein	Retained intron	(#X	680	TSL:NA
Creb1-208	ENSMUST00000188855.6	660	No protein	Retained intron	(1 <u>44</u>)	(d 4)	TSL:3
				/ \			- V step

The strategy is based on the design of Creb1-201 transcript, The transcription is shown below



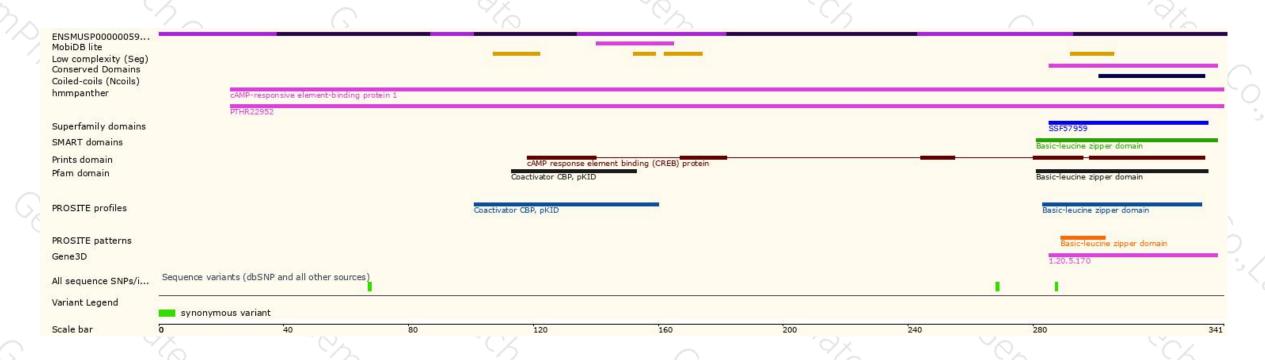
Genomic location distribution





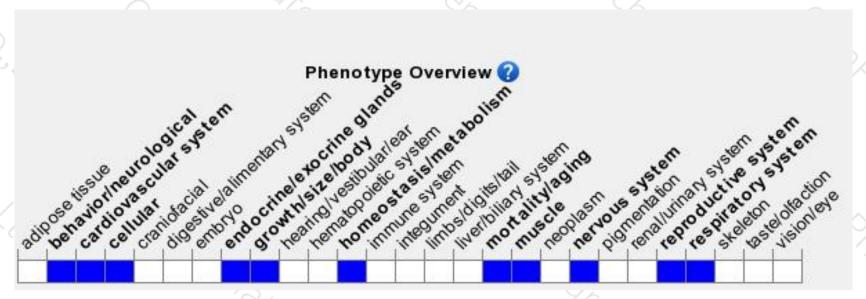
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for alleles lacking some or all isotypes exhibit a range of defects involving circadian rhythms, axonal growth, sensory neuron survival, long-term memory, fear conditioning, body size respiration, and neonatal viability.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





