

Parva Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Project Overview

Project Name

Parva

Project type

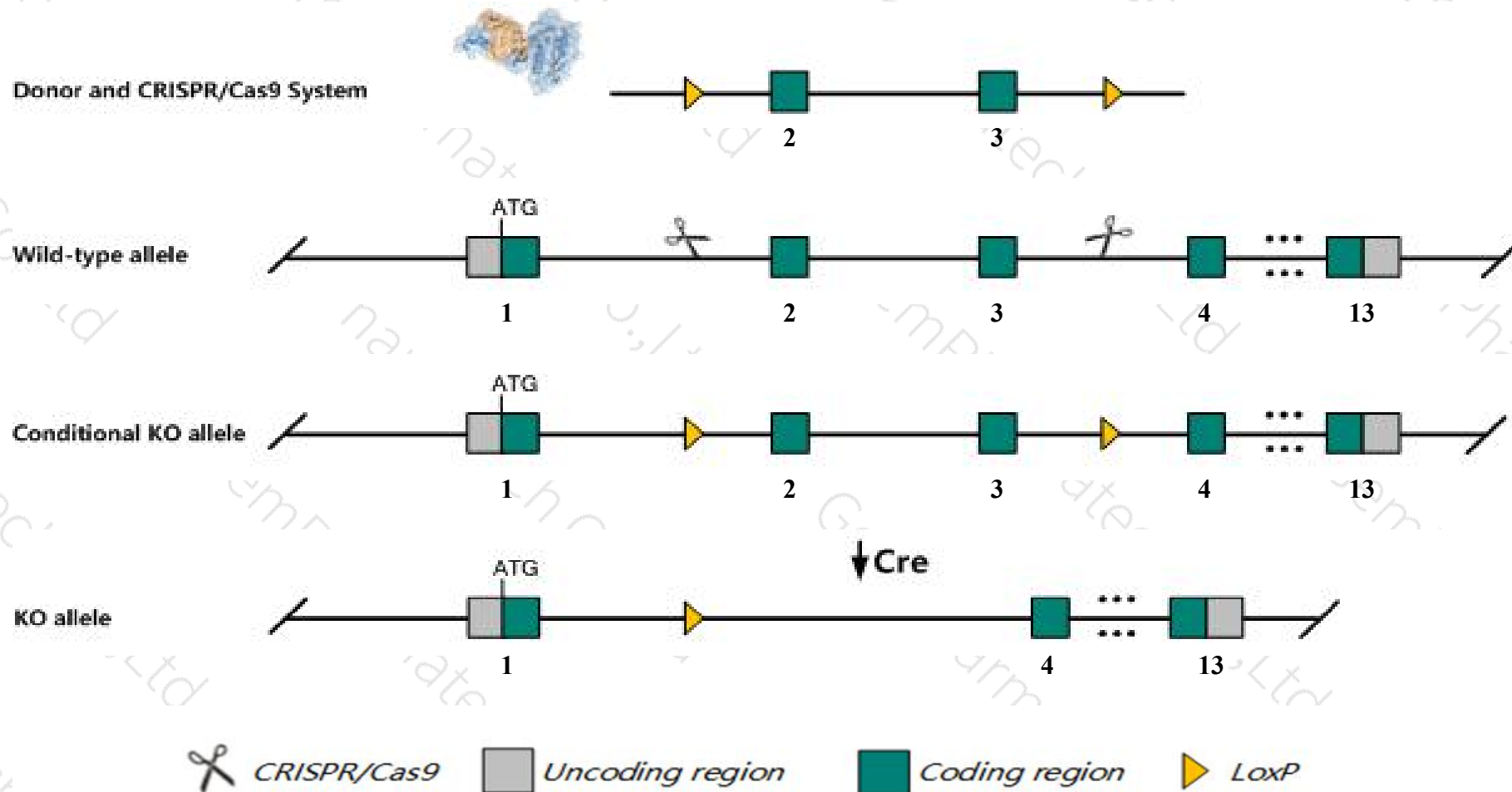
Cas9-CKO

Strain background

C57BL/6J

Conditional Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Parva* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes

- The *Parva* gene has 5 transcripts. According to the structure of *Parva* gene, exon2-exon3 of *Parva-201* (ENSMUST00000033030.13) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 161bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Parva* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6J mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6J mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

- According to the existing MGI data, embryos homozygous for a null allele are growth retarded and die prior to e14.5 exhibiting abnormal cardiac morphogenesis, severe vascular defects, edema, microaneurysms, hemorrhage, and severe kidney dysgenesis or agenesis.
- The *Parva* gene is located on the Chr7. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

Gene information (NCBI)

Parva parvin, alpha [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 57342, updated on 13-Mar-2020

Summary



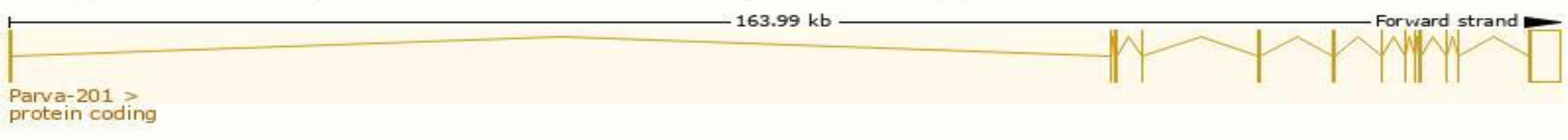
Official Symbol	Parva provided by MGI
Official Full Name	parvin, alpha provided by MGI
Primary source	MGI:MGI:1931144
See related	Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000030770
Gene type	protein coding
RefSeq status	VALIDATED
Organism	Mus musculus
Lineage	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus
Also known as	2010012A22Rik, 5430400F08Rik, AI225929, AU042898, Actp, CH-ILKBP, Parvin
Expression	Broad expression in bladder adult (RPKM 57.6), subcutaneous fat pad adult (RPKM 27.9) and 22 other tissues See more
Orthologs	human all

Transcript information (Ensembl)

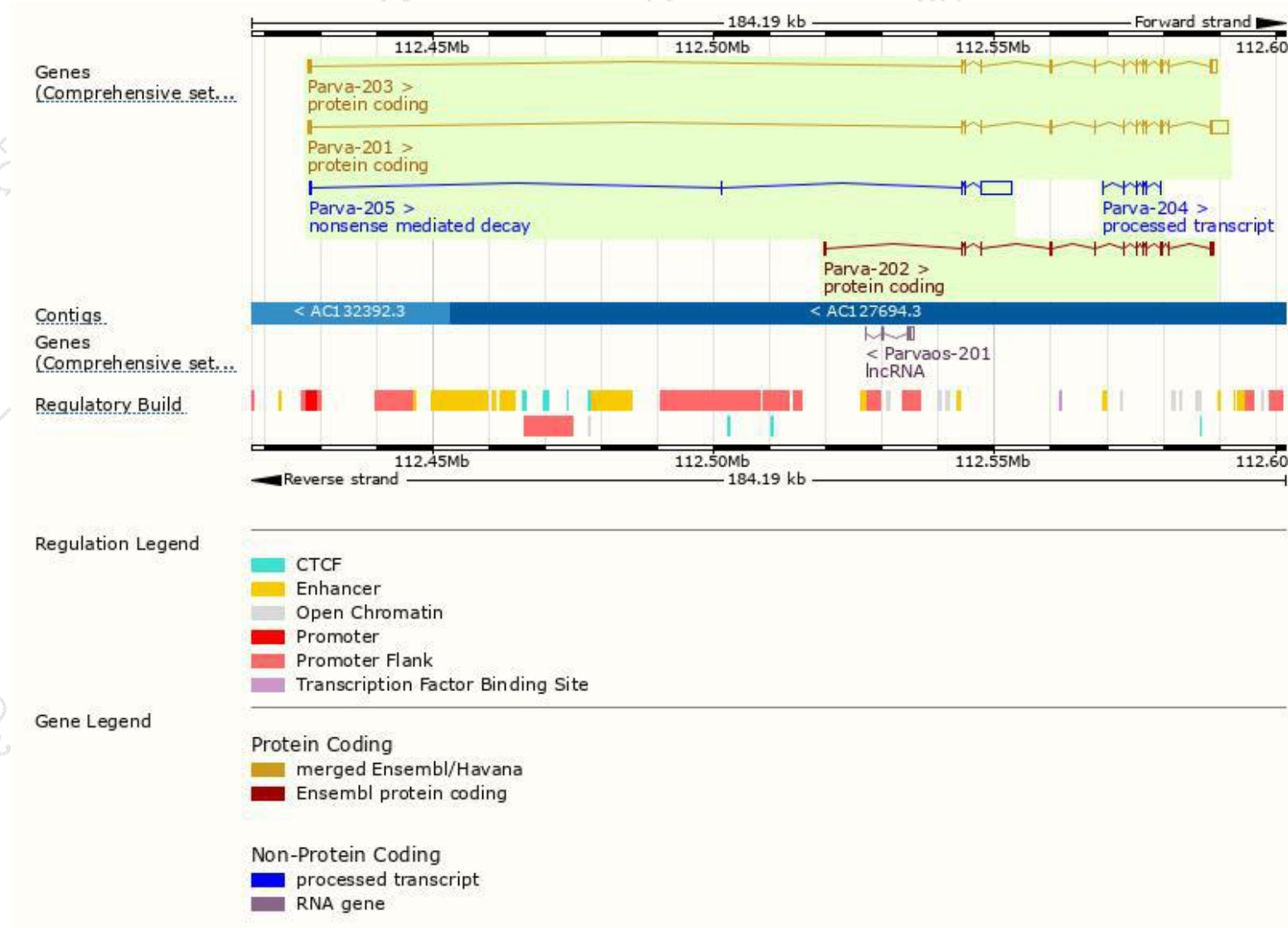
The gene has 5 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Parva-201	ENSMUST00000033030.13	4454	372aa	Protein coding	CCDS40091	Q9EPC1	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS P2
Parva-203	ENSMUST00000106643.7	2222	372aa	Protein coding	CCDS40091	Q9EPC1	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS P2
Parva-202	ENSMUST00000106640.1	1465	336aa	Protein coding	-	Q3UF75	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS ALT2
Parva-205	ENSMUST00000139720.7	5869	66aa	Nonsense mediated decay	-	D6RHM9	TSL:1
Parva-204	ENSMUST00000126047.1	354	No protein	Processed transcript	-	-	TSL:5

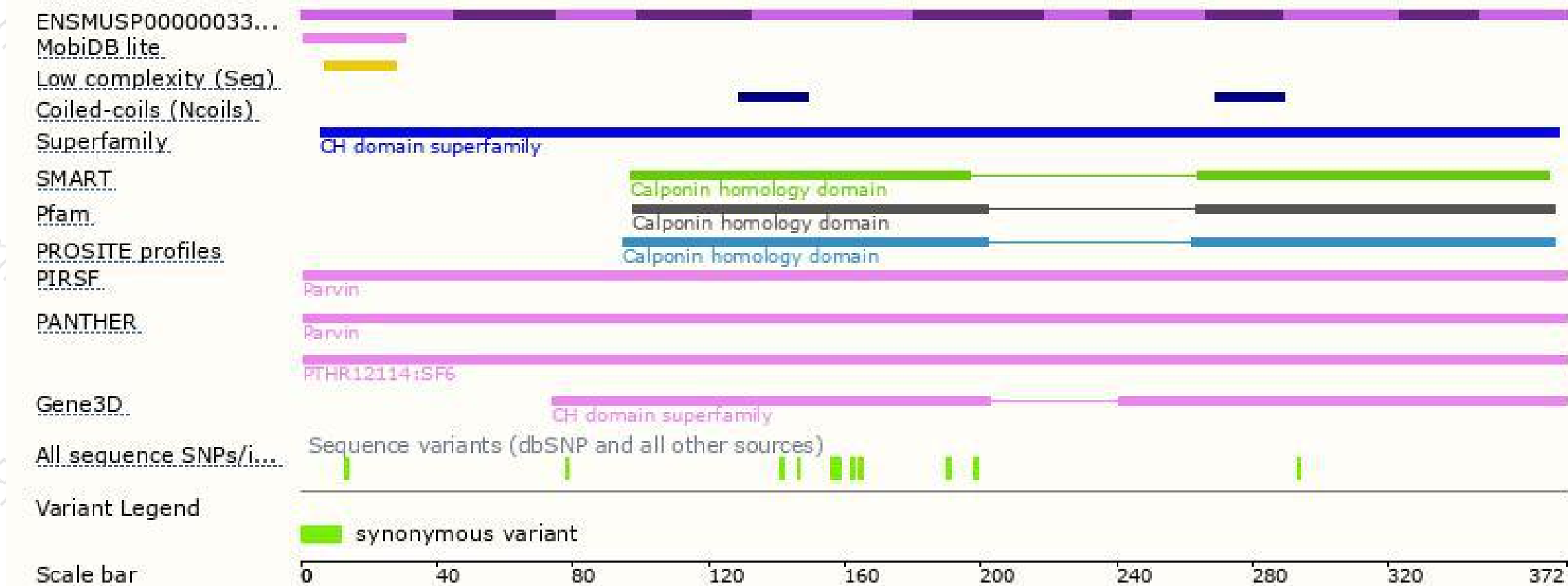
The strategy is based on the design of *Parva-201* transcript,the transcription is shown below:



Genomic location distribution

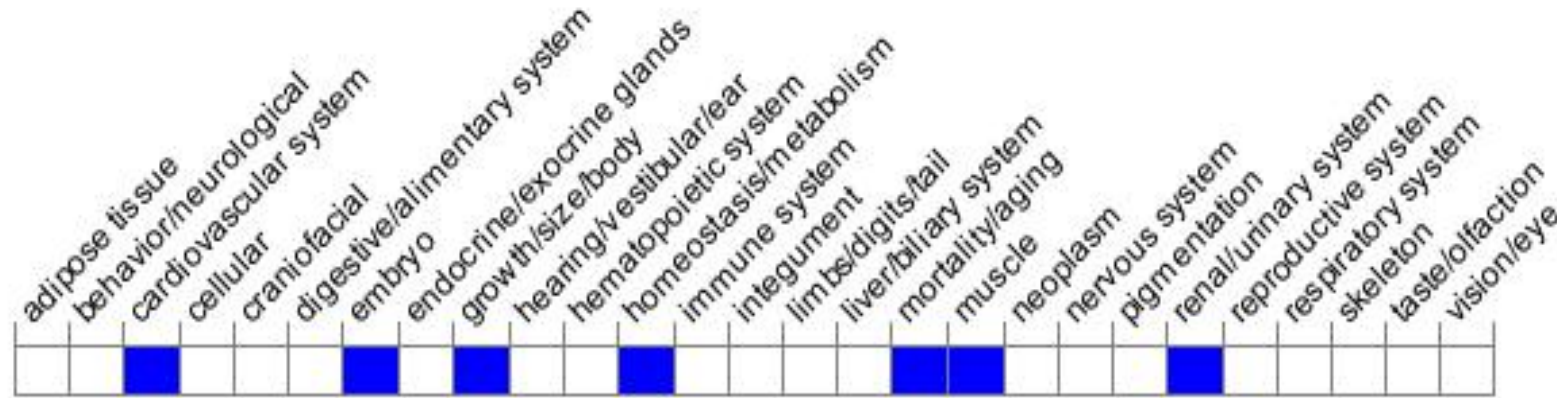


Protein domain



Mouse phenotype description(MGI)

Phenotype Overview



Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).

According to the existing MGI data, embryos homozygous for a null allele are growth retarded and die prior to E14.5 exhibiting abnormal cardiac morphogenesis, severe vascular defects, edema, microaneurysms, hemorrhage, and severe kidney dysgenesis or agenesis.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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