

Fes Cas9-KO Strategy

Designer: Lingyan Wu

Reviewer: Rui Xiong

Design Date: 2020-4-24

Project Overview



Project Name Fes

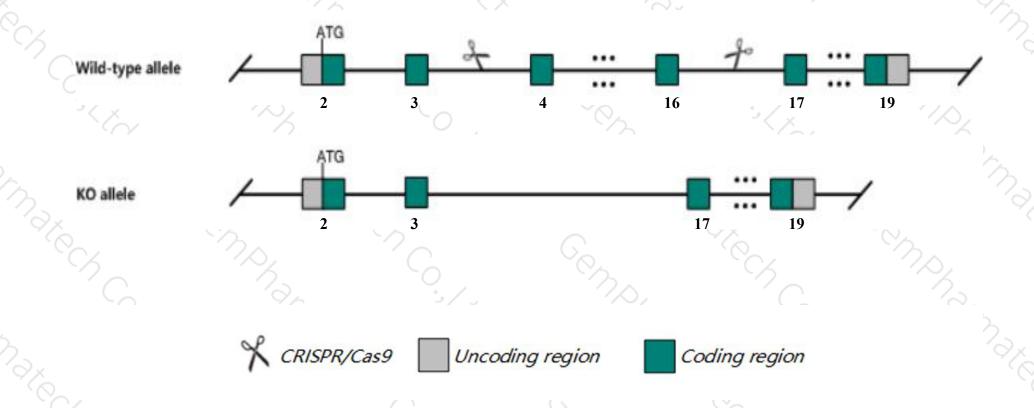
Project type Cas9-KO

Strain background C57BL/6J

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Fes gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The Fes gene has 10 transcripts. According to the structure of Fes gene, exon4-exon16 of Fes-201

 (ENSMUST00000080932.7) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 1658bp coding sequence Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Fes* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system w

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, homozygotes for a null allele show partial in utero lethality, runting, altered hematopoietic homeostasis and macrophage function, skin lesions and susceptibility to bacterial infection. homozygotes for another null allele show enhanced lps sensitivity, altered hematopoiesis and larger litter size.
- > The Fes gene is located on the Chr7. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Fes feline sarcoma oncogene [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 14159, updated on 13-Mar-2020

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Fes provided by MGI

Official Full Name feline sarcoma oncogene provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:95514

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000053158

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as Al586313, BB137047, FPS, c-fes

Expression Ubiquitous expression in spleen adult (RPKM 20.4), lung adult (RPKM 18.5) and 26 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs human all

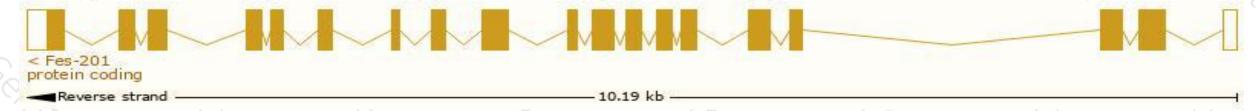
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 10 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

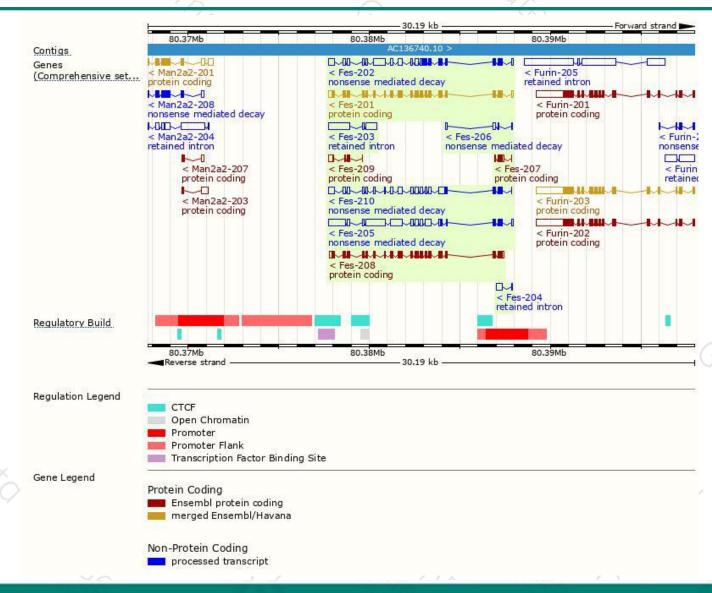
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Fes-201	ENSMUST00000080932.7	2762	822aa	Protein coding	CCDS39999	P16879	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS P2
Fes-208	ENSMUST00000206728.1	2707	820aa	Protein coding	i -	A0A0U1RPM2	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS ALT
Fes-209	ENSMUST00000206735.1	472	<u>75aa</u>	Protein coding	1/2	A0A0U1RPN6	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:5
Fes-207	ENSMUST00000206698.1	443	95aa	Protein coding	× 1	A0A0U1RPD6	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:3
Fes-205	ENSMUST00000206479.1	4403	<u>173aa</u>	Nonsense mediated decay	-	A0A0U1RPB9	TSL:2
Fes-202	ENSMUST00000205617.1	3371	360aa	Nonsense mediated decay	1-	A0A0U1RNL3	TSL:1
Fes-210	ENSMUST00000206744.1	2890	<u>177aa</u>	Nonsense mediated decay	12	A0A0U1RQ80	TSL:1
Fes-206	ENSMUST00000206539.1	362	41aa	Nonsense mediated decay	= 1	A0A0U1RPQ5	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:2
Fes-203	ENSMUST00000206002.1	1921	No protein	Retained intron	-		TSL:1
Fes-204	ENSMUST00000206271.1	363	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:2

The strategy is based on the design of *Fes-201* transcript, the transcription is shown below:



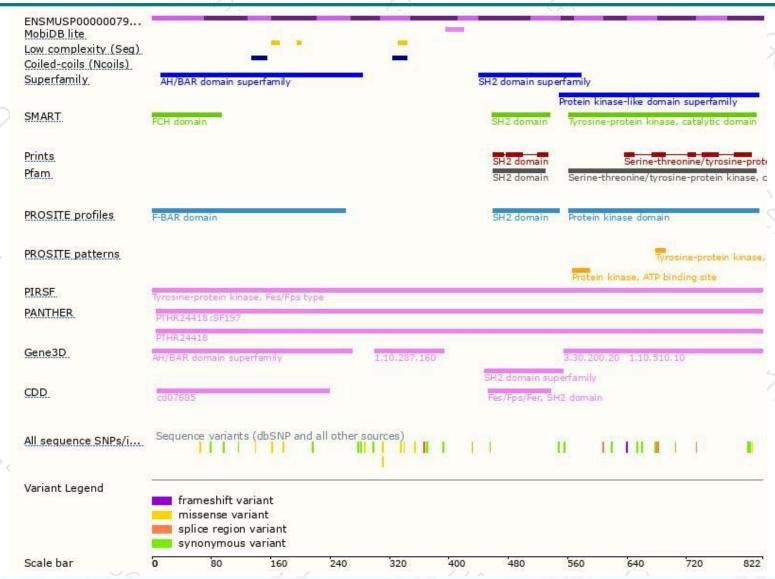
Genomic location distribution





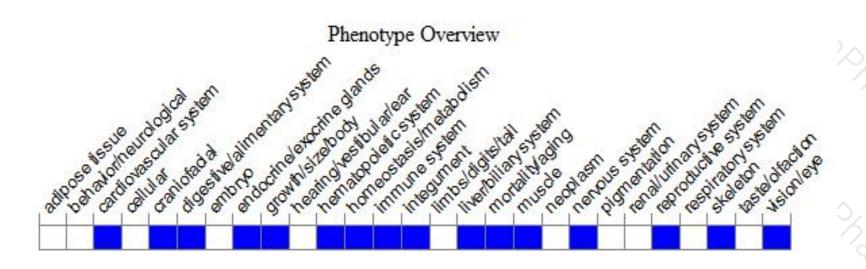
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, homozygotes for a null allele show partial in utero lethality, runting, altered hematopoietic homeostasis and macrophage function, skin lesions and susceptibility to bacterial infection. Homozygotes for another null allele show enhanced LPS sensitivity, altered hematopoiesis and larger litter size.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





