

Il1rn Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Reviewer: Yang Zeng

Design Date: 2018-6-26

Project Overview



Project Name Il1rn

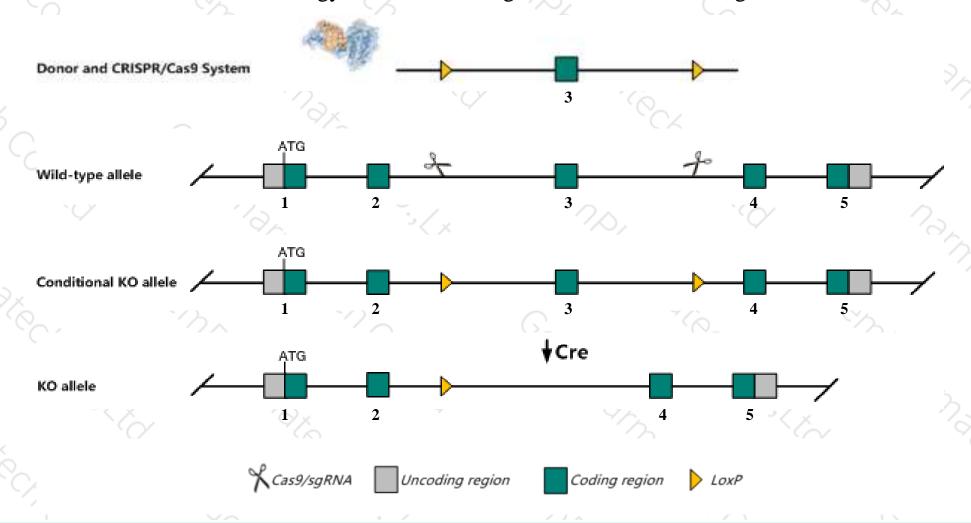
Project type Cas9-CKO

Strain background C57BL/6JGpt

Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Il1rn* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Il1rn* gene has 6 transcripts. According to the structure of *Il1rn* gene, exon3 of *Il1rn-204*(ENSMUST00000114487.8) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 89bp coding sequence.

 Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Il1rn* gene. The brief process is as follows:sgRNA was transcribed in vitro, donor vector was constructed.Cas9, sgRNA and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice.Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- ➤ The flox mice was knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Nullizygous mutations of this gene may result in decreased body weight, increased inflammatory response to turpentine and LPS, decreased susceptibility to bacterial infection, psoriasis, aortitis, rheumatoid arthritis, and abnormal dendritic and CD4-positive T cell morphology.
- > Transcript *Il1rn-203/206* may not be affected.
- > The *Il1rn* gene is located on the Chr2. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- ➤ This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

Gene information (NCBI)



II1rn interleukin 1 receptor antagonist [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 16181, updated on 13-Aug-2019





Official Symbol II1rn provided by MGI

Official Full Name interleukin 1 receptor antagonist provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:96547

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000026981

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;

Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as IL-1ra; F630041P17Rik

Expression Broad expression in liver E18 (RPKM 5.5), colon adult (RPKM 5.1) and 18 other tissues See more

Orthologs <u>human</u> all

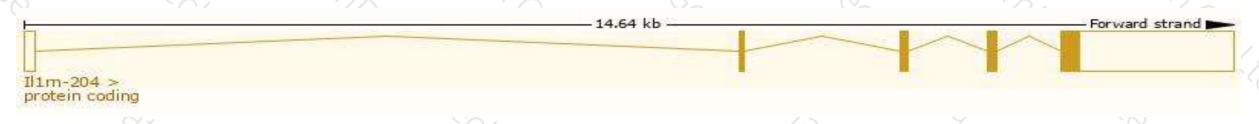
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 6 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

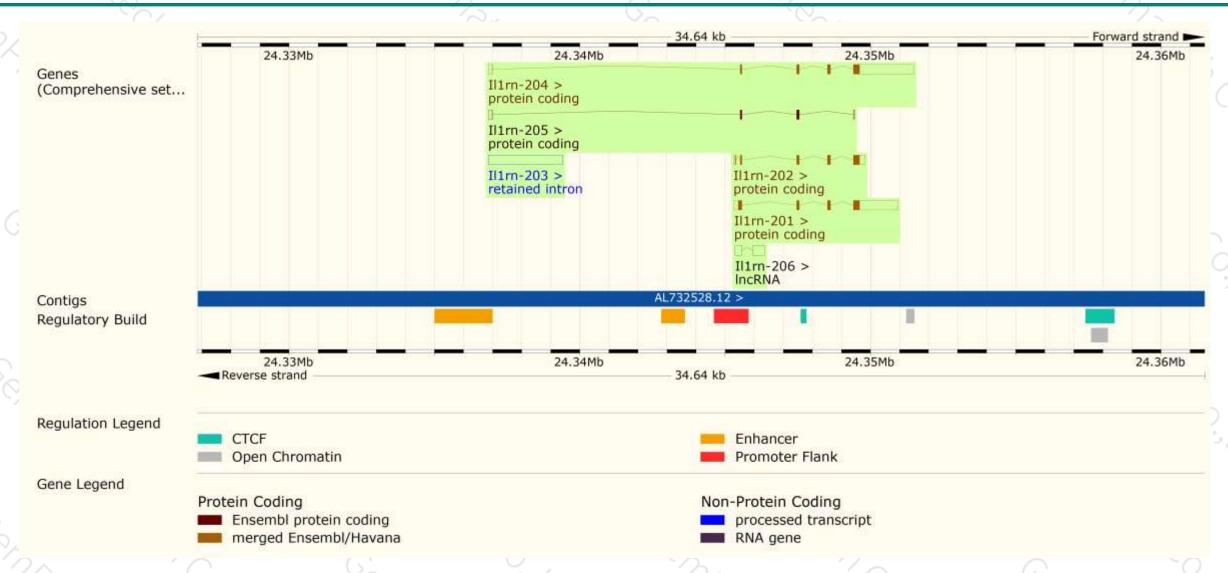
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
II1rn-204	ENSMUST00000114487.8	2474	<u>159aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS15736	P25085 Q542W1	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P3
II1rn-201	ENSMUST00000114482.2	1986	<u>178aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS38064	P25085 Q542C7	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT1
II1rn-202	ENSMUST00000114485.8	728	<u>162aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS50520	Q3TBV5	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
II1rn-205	ENSMUST00000142093.6	321	<u>52aa</u>	Protein coding	-	A0A0A6YVU4	TSL:3 GENCODE basic
II1rn-206	ENSMUST00000143423.1	636	No protein	Processed transcript	-	-	TSL:2
II1rn-203	ENSMUST00000114486.3	2554	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:NA

The strategy is based on the design of *Il1rn-204* transcript, The transcription is shown below



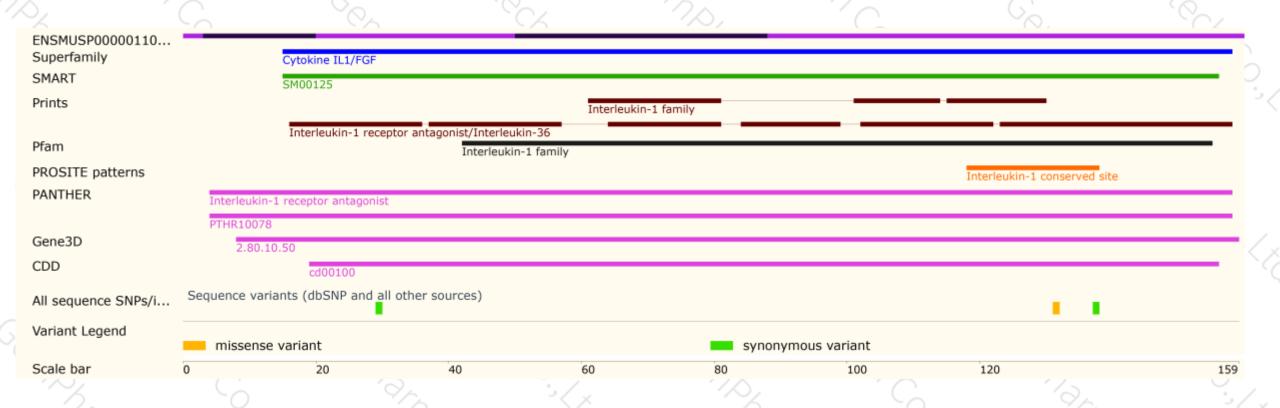
Genomic location distribution





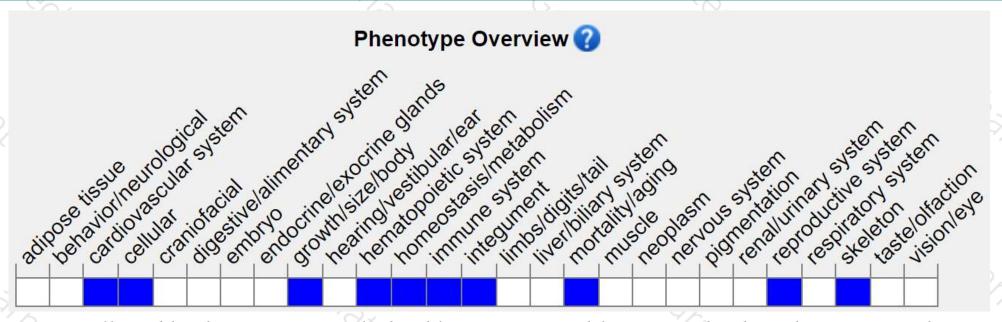
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database (http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Nullizygous mutations of this gene may result in decreased body weight, increased inflammatory response to turpentine and LPS, decreased susceptibility to bacterial infection, psoriasis, aortitis, rheumatoid arthritis, and abnormal dendritic and CD4-positive T cell morphology.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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