

# ***Slc35d1* Cas9-KO Strategy**

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# Project Overview

**Project Name**

*Slc35d1*

**Project type**

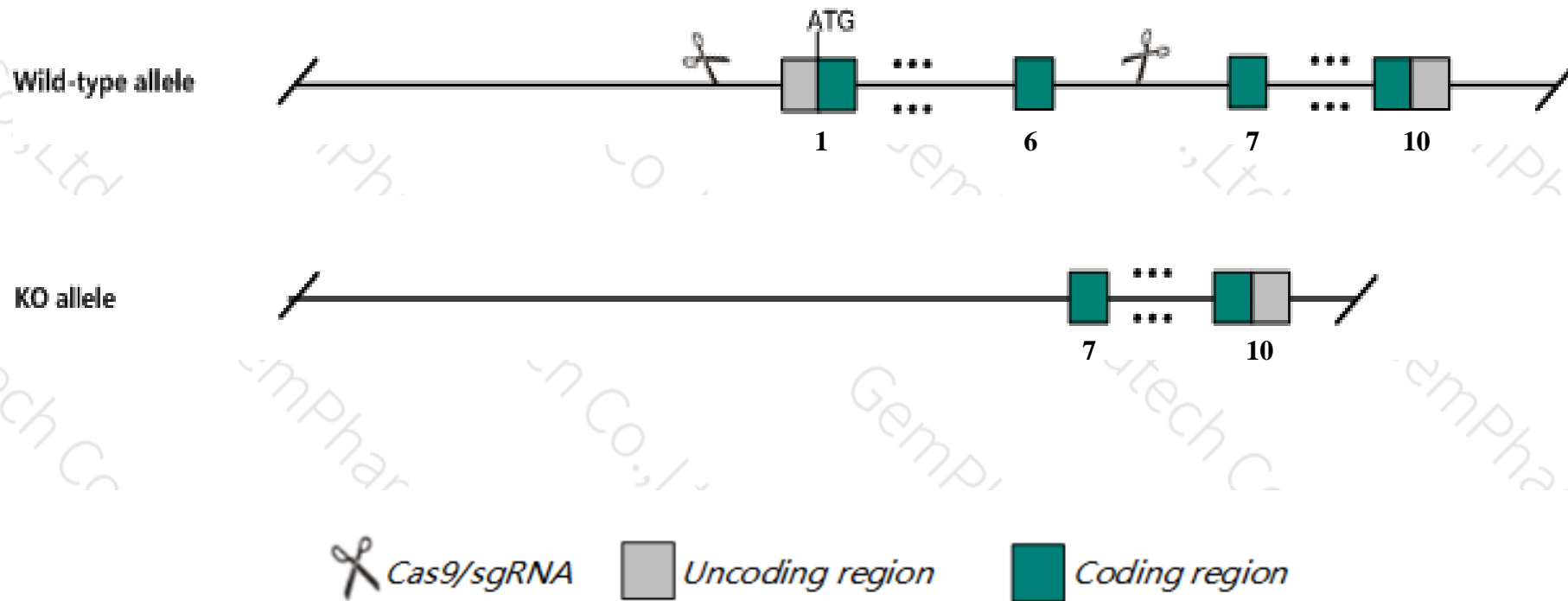
**Cas9-KO**

**Strain background**

**C57BL/6JGpt**

# Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Slc35d1* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



- The *Slc35d1* gene has 5 transcripts. According to the structure of *Slc35d1* gene, exon1-exon6 of *Slc35d1*-203(ENSMUST00000150285.7) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains start codon ATG. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Slc35d1* gene. The brief process is as follows: sgRNA was transcribed in vitro. Cas9 and sgRNA were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.

- According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for a null allele exhibit neonatal lethality and chondrodystrophy associated with impaired chondroitin sulfate biosynthesis.
- The *Slc35d1* gene is located on the Chr4. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.



# Gene information (NCBI)

## Slc35d1 solute carrier family 35 (UDP-glucuronic acid/UDP-N-acetylgalactosamine dual transporter), member D1 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 242585, updated on 13-Mar-2020

### Summary



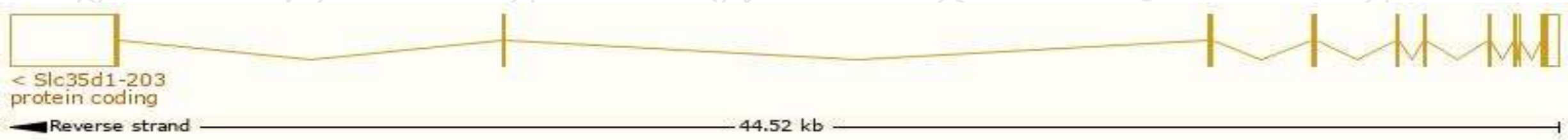
<b>Official Symbol</b>	Slc35d1 provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
<b>Official Full Name</b>	solute carrier family 35 (UDP-glucuronic acid/UDP-N-acetylgalactosamine dual transporter), member D1 provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
<b>Primary source</b>	<a href="#">MGI:MGI:2140361</a>
<b>See related</b>	<a href="#">Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000028521</a>
<b>Gene type</b>	protein coding
<b>RefSeq status</b>	VALIDATED
<b>Organism</b>	<a href="#">Mus musculus</a>
<b>Lineage</b>	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus
<b>Also known as</b>	AI834976, C330011J09, UGTREL7, mKIAA0260
<b>Expression</b>	Ubiquitous expression in liver adult (RPKM 5.4), limb E14.5 (RPKM 3.4) and 28 other tissues <a href="#">See more</a>
<b>Orthologs</b>	<a href="#">human</a> <a href="#">all</a>

# Transcript information (Ensembl)

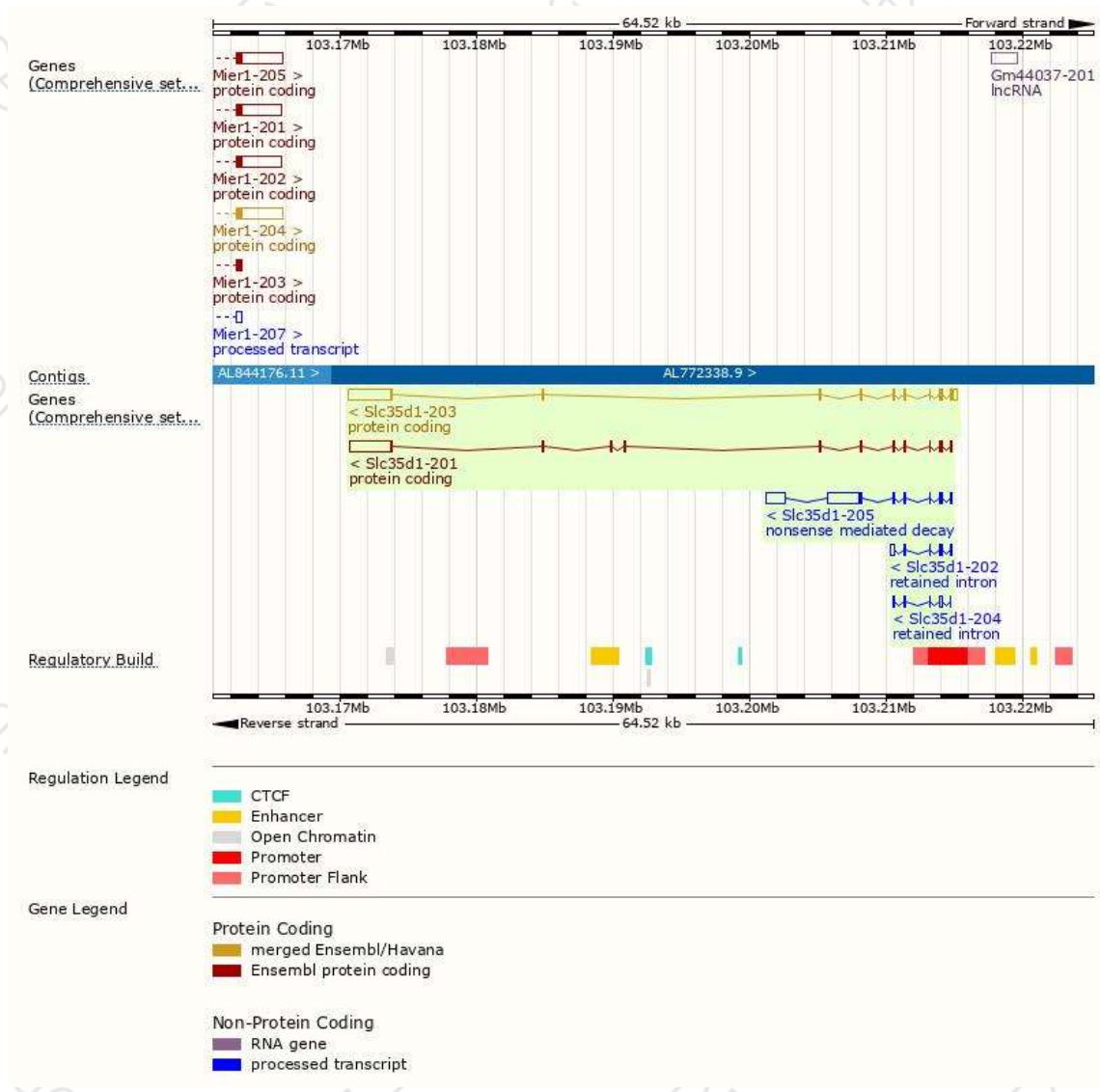
The gene has 5 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Slc35d1-203	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000150285.7</a>	4242	<a href="#">306aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS18409</a>	<a href="#">A2AKQ0</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Slc35d1-201	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000036195.12</a>	4021	<a href="#">334aa</a>	Protein coding	-	<a href="#">A0A217FL58</a>	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:1
Slc35d1-205	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000183432.5</a>	4414	<a href="#">211aa</a>	Nonsense mediated decay	-	<a href="#">V9GX08</a>	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:5
Slc35d1-202	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000094947.4</a>	663	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:1
Slc35d1-204	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000154845.1</a>	416	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:5

The strategy is based on the design of *Slc35d1-203* transcript,the transcription is shown below:

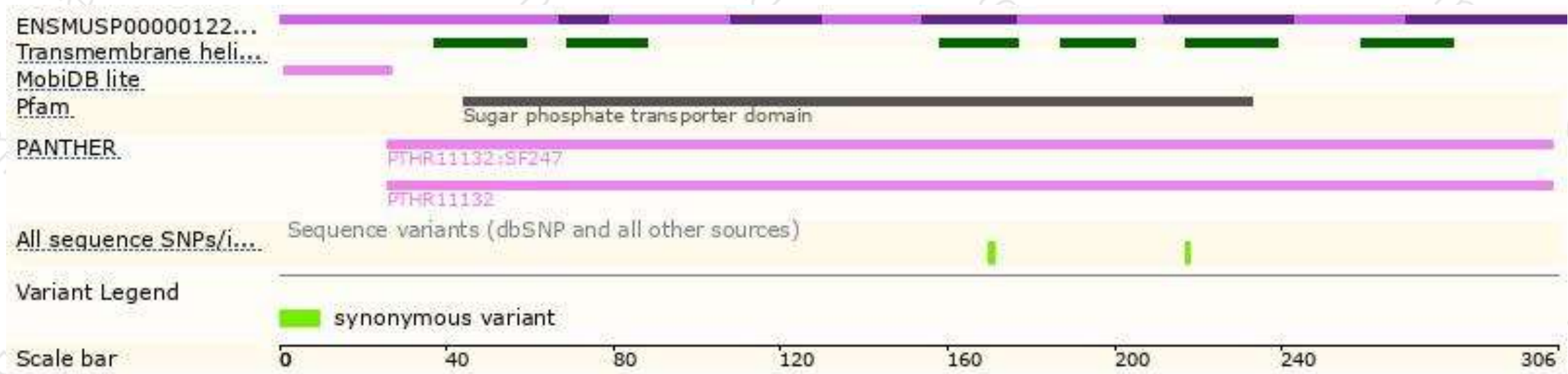


# Genomic location distribution

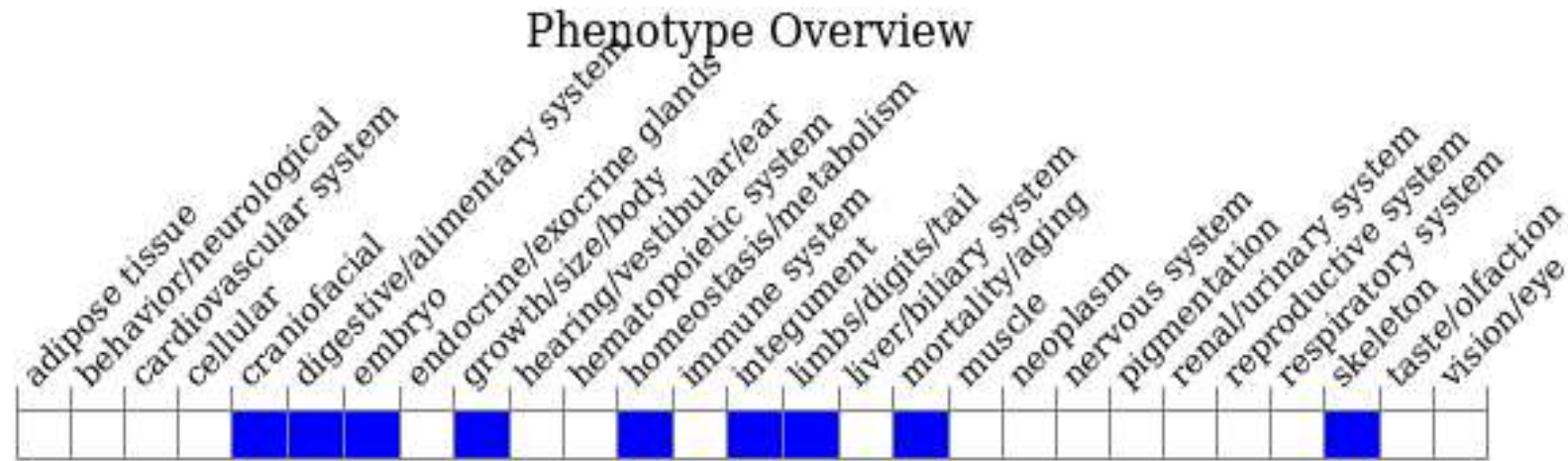




# Protein domain



# Mouse phenotype description(MGI )



*Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).*

According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for a null allele exhibit neonatal lethality and chondrodystrophy associated with impaired chondroitin sulfate biosynthesis.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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